

# **WORLD-CLASS CARLIN-TYPE GOLD DEPOSITS AT THE GOLDSTRIKE PROPERTY, NEVADA, USA**

**Prof. Gema Ribeiro Olivo**

**SIMEXMIN 2010**



# OS DEPÓSITOS DE OURO DE CLASSE MUNDIAL DO TIPO CARLIN DE GOLDSTRIKE, NEVADA, ESTADOS UNIDOS

**Prof. Gema Ribeiro Olivo**

**SIMEXMIN 2010**



# AGRADECIMENTOS/ ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

- PROF. ONILDO J. MARINI, CHICO AZEVEDO, JEFFREY HEDENQUIST, ADIMB, SEG, AND SIMEXMIN/SEG 2010 ORGANIZING COMMITTEE
- Collaborators: CAROLINA ALMEIDA, ANNICK CHOUNARD & CHARLES WEAKLY



PREA



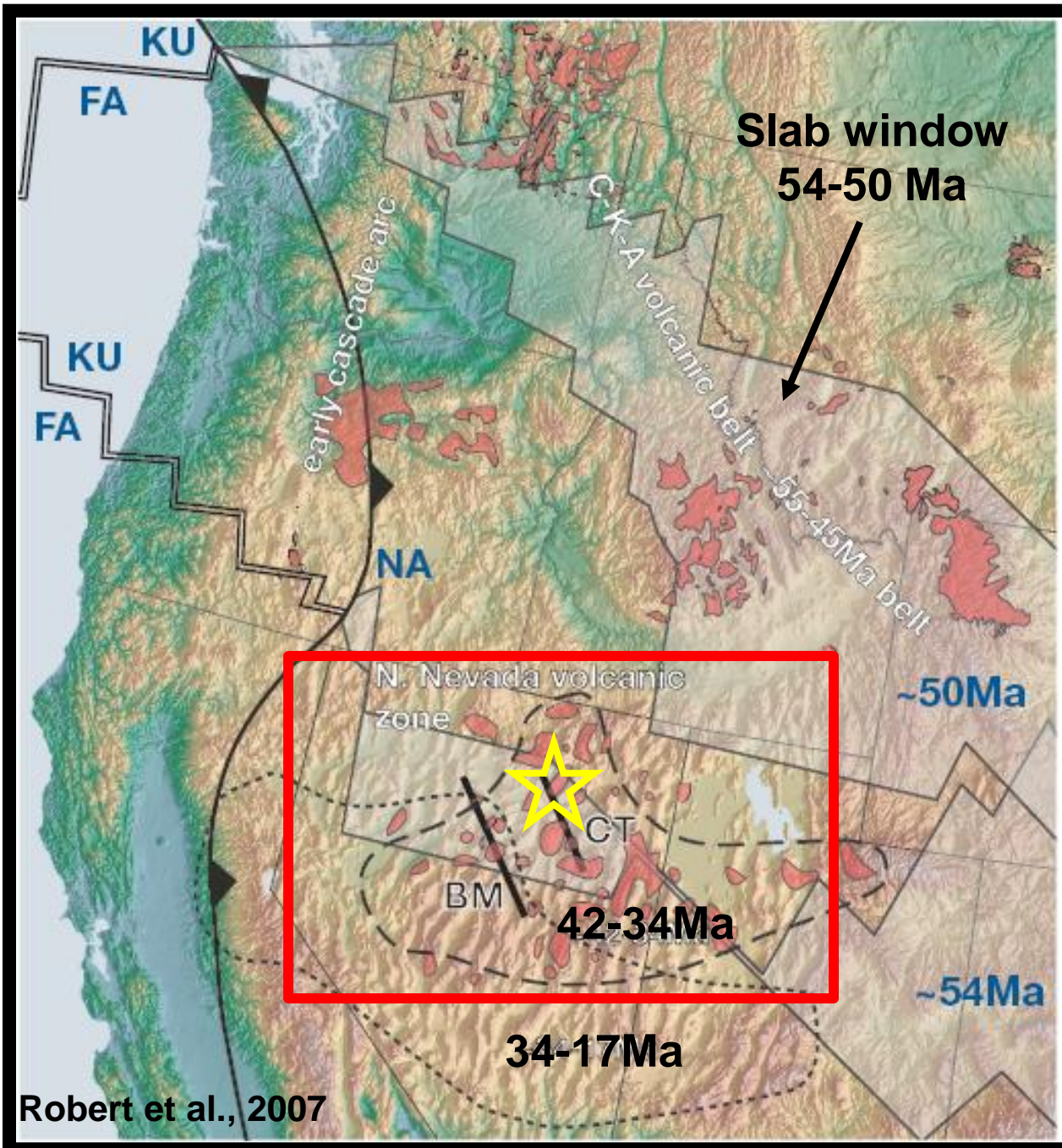
# OUTLINE

- LOCATION AND TECTONIC SETTING
- ECONOMIC IMPORTANCE, RESOURCES, PRODUCTION & EXPLORATION
- GEOLOGY OF THE GOLDSTRIKE PROPERTY
  - STRUCTURAL AND LITHOLOGICAL CONTROLS
- PARAGENESIS AND TYPES OF GOLD ORE
- SOURCE OF ORE-RELATED ELEMENTS
- GENETIC MODEL
- GUIDELINES FOR EXPLORATION

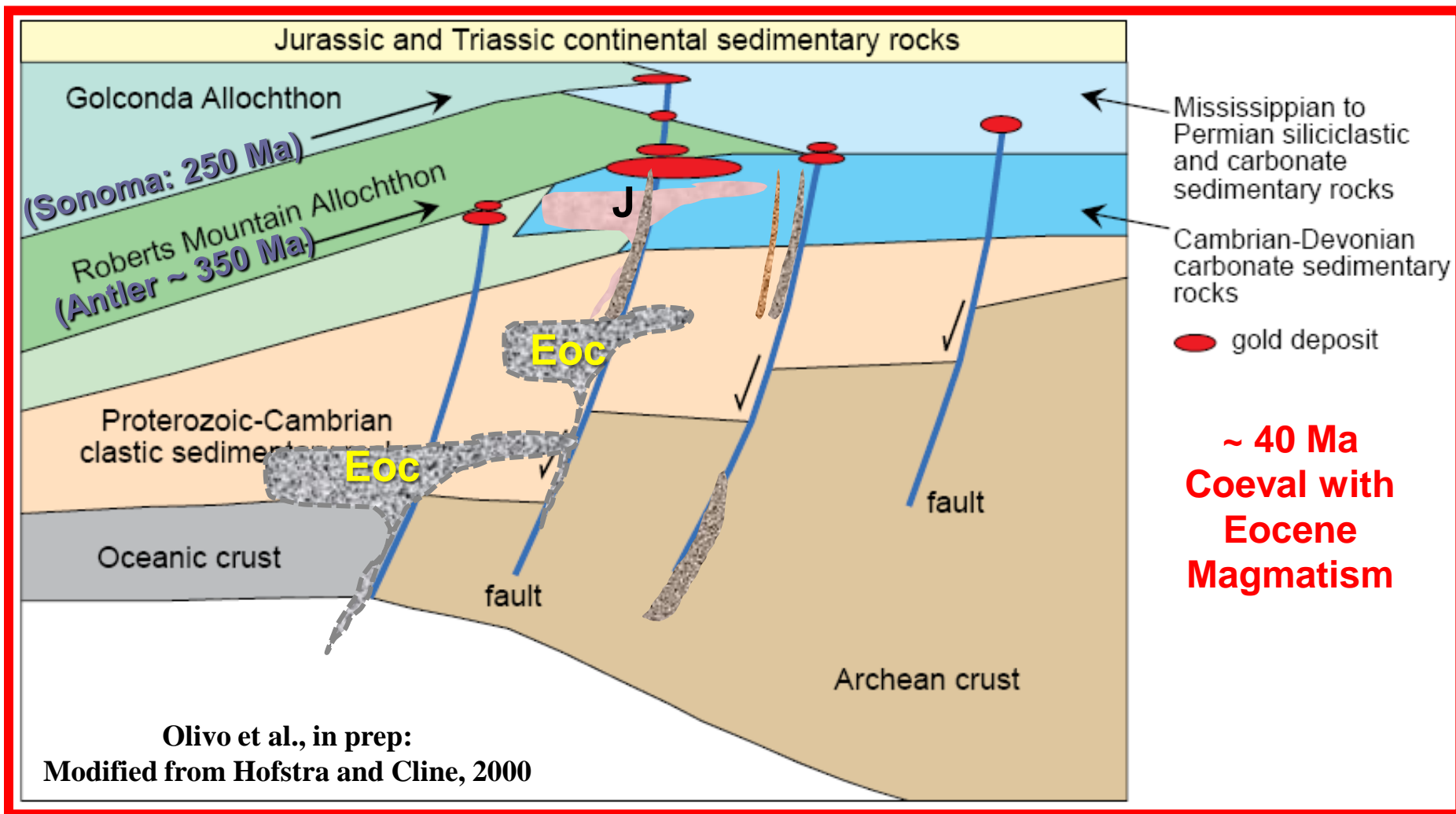


# Tectonic Setting

- Basin and Range-Nevada USA
- Coeval with 42-39 Ma magmatism
- In major structural trends: CARLIN TREND

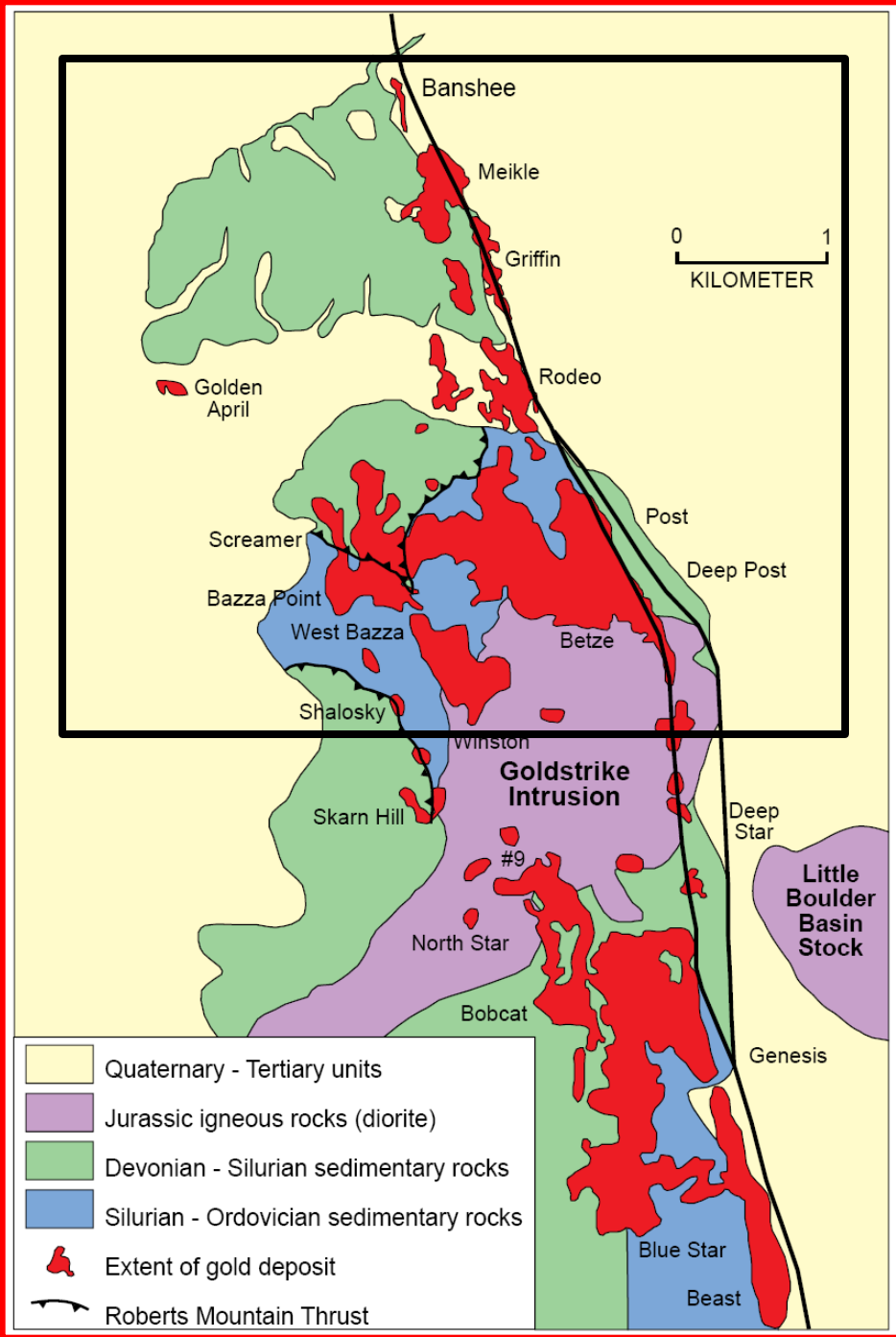


# CARLIN-TYPE DEPOSITS: GEOLOGICAL SETTING



# Goldstrike: North Carlin Trend

- Ore bodies project to the surface
- Structural controls of the intrusions and gold mineralization



(Modified from Bettles, 2002)

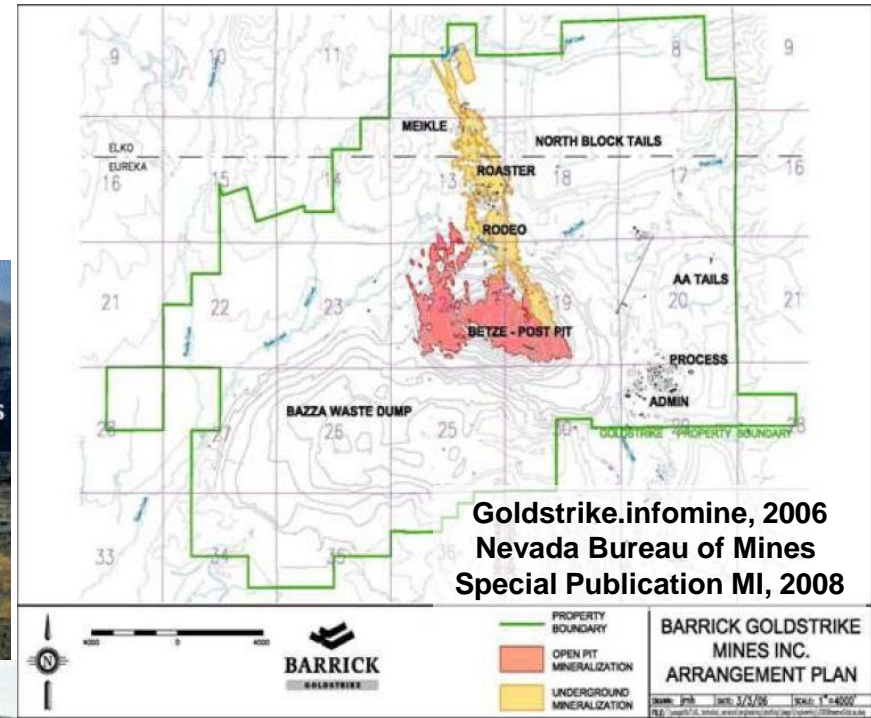
# Goldstrike History

- **1962: First drill hole**
- **1976: PanCanada Minerals Ltd production**
- **1986/87: Barrick acquired 100% interest: \$62 million**
  - **Post surface oxide deposit- heap leach (0.5 million ounces of Au)**
- **1988: Discovery of Rodeo deposit**
- **1989: Betze Development Plan: larger open pit and expansion of milling facilities**
- **1989: Discovery of Meikle deposit**
- **1996: Meike production- underground mine**
- **2001: Rodeo production - underground mine**

# Goldstrike History

- **Goldstrike complex (30% of the Carlin trend gold production):**
  - **Betz-Post ore zones: open pit**
  - **underground operations: Meikle and Rodeo**
- **2008 total production: 1,706 thousand ounces Au @ US\$ 452/ounce (grade: 0.175 ounces/ton)**
- **2009 total production: 1,355 thousand ounces Au @ US\$ 464/ounce (grade: 0.172 ounces/ton)**
- **Expected remaining mine life: 11 years for underground mining, 14 years open pit and 26 years processing operations**

# GOLDSTRIKE: pit and underground

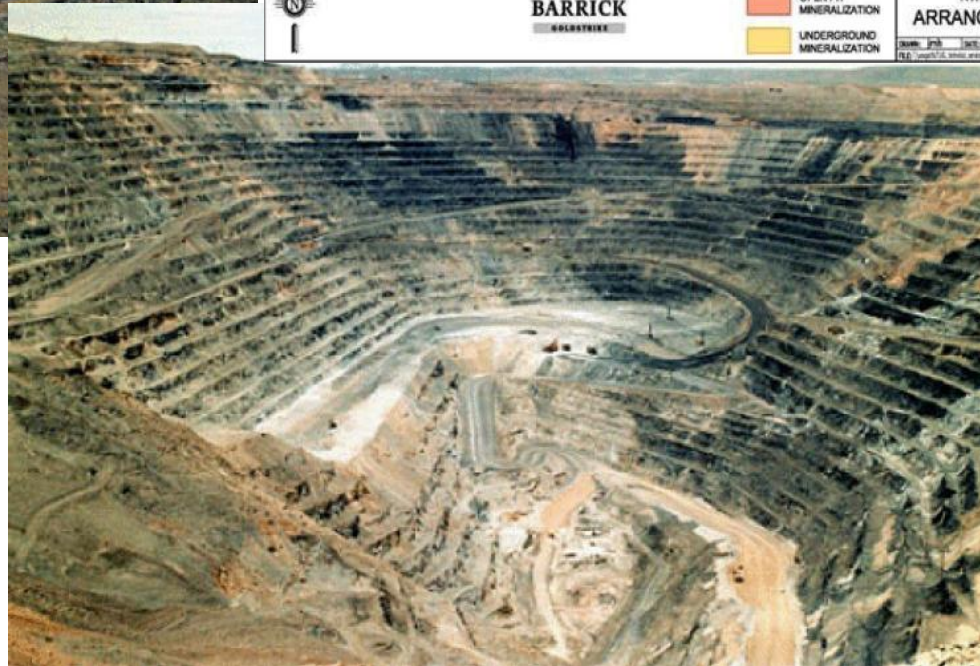


## BETZE-POST ORES ZONES

1,828 m extension

183-244 m width

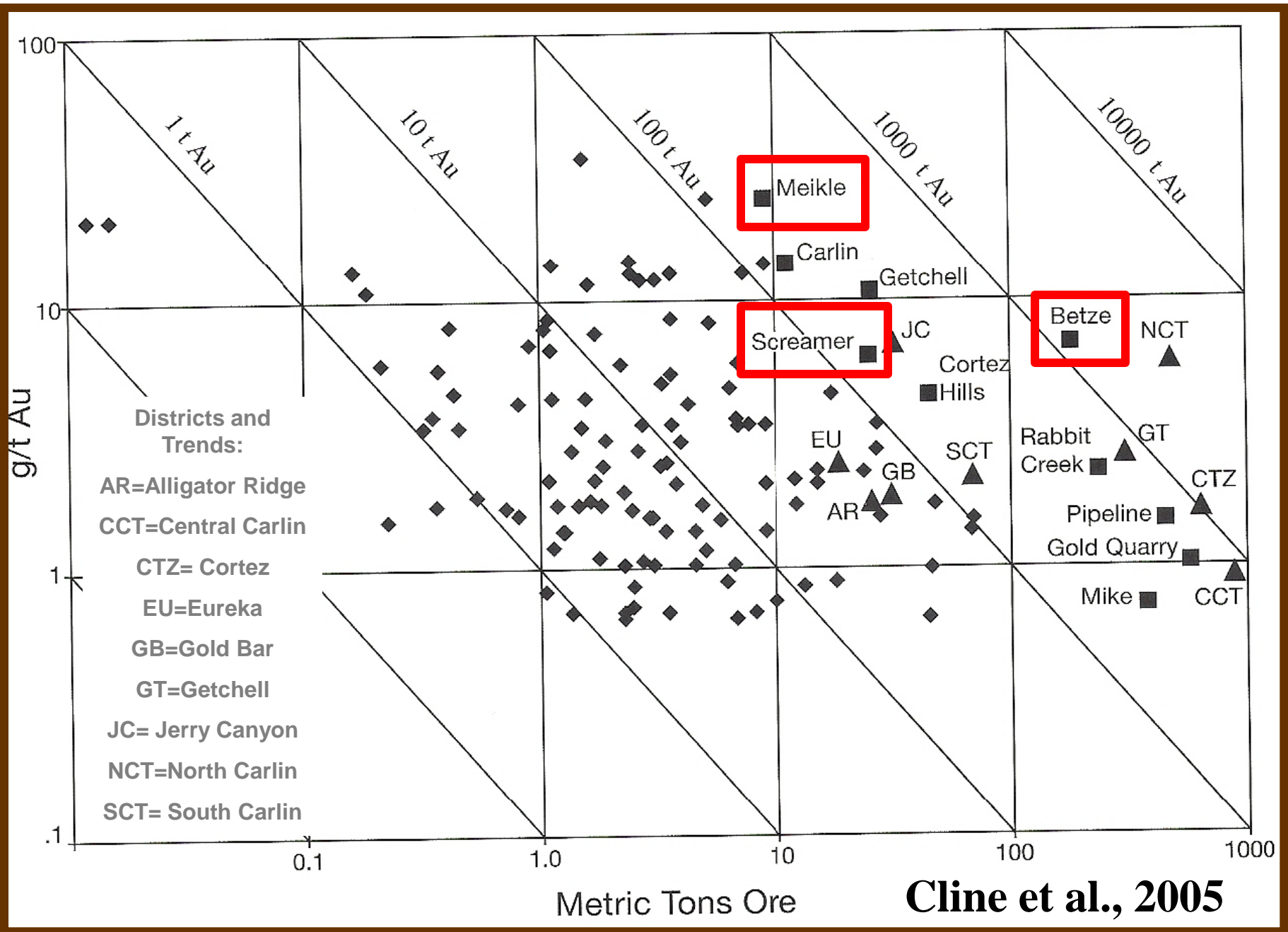
122-183 m thickness



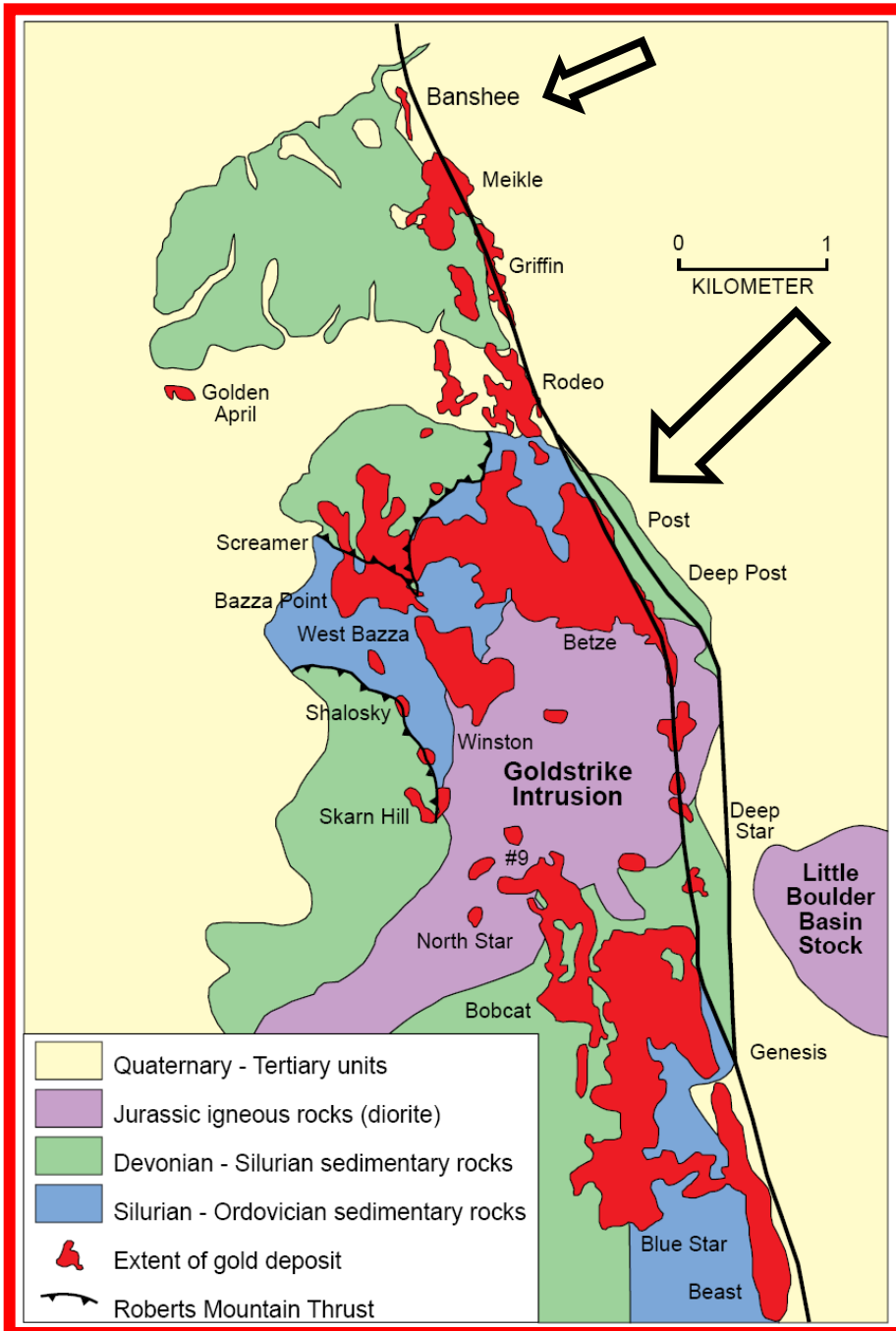
# GOLDSTRIKE

## RESOURCE AND PRODUCTION

<b>2008</b>	<b>BETZ-POST</b>	<b>MEIKLE</b>
PROBABLE AND PROVEN RESERVES	86,254,000 tons @ 0.110 opt Au	6,923 million tons @ 0.368 opt Au
MEASURE AND INDICATE RESOURCE	15,751,000 tons @ 0.055 opt Au	4,467 million tons @ 0.333 opt Au
INFERRED RESOURCE	479,000 tons @ 0.092 opt Au	3.344 million tons @ 0.393 opt Au
PRODUCTION	1,281,450 oz Au 152,886 oz Ag	424,687 oz Au 51,434 oz Ag



# Goldstrike: 2009/2010 Exploration



- 2009: drifting and resource delineation at Deep North Post underground & drilling in Banshee
- 2010 Deep North Post and Corona (NNW of Meikle) drilling
- Up to 2009: 6,500 drill holes in Betze-Post deposit (69% RC and rotary); drilling spacing: 53 m (Betze-Screamer), 46 m (Post), 30 m (North Screamer and Barrel)

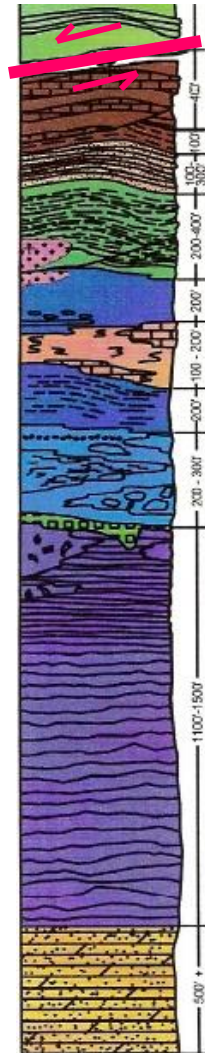
Barrick (2009: SEC)

# GOLDSTRIKE HOST ROCKS

**EOCENE**  
(37-40 Ma)  
Bt-Pl porphyry  
dacite, rhyolite,  
minor mafic dikes

**JURASSIC**  
(158-163 Ma)  
Diorite-granodiorite  
Lamprophyre dikes

**GOLD**



**Roberts Mtns Thrust**

**Devonian Rodeo Creek Fm (RC)**

**Devonian POPOVICH Fm**

**UM=** muddy limestone

**SD=** laminated limestone

**PL=** laminated muddy limestone

**WS=** silty limestone with wispy laminations

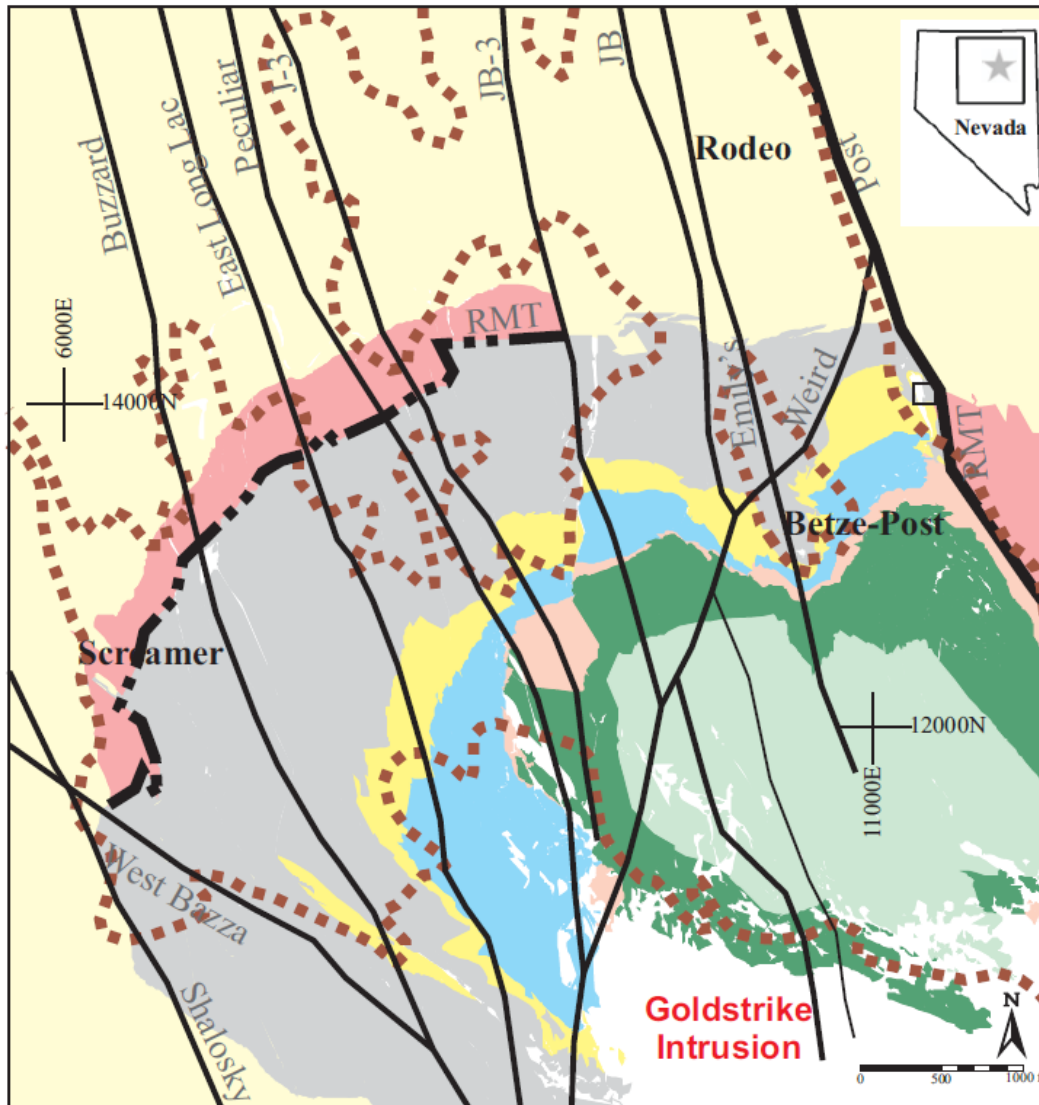
**Silurian-Devonian ROBERTS MTNS. Fm**

Upper **LL=** limestone to dolomitic limestone

Lower **LL:** sandy limestone to calcareous siltstone

**Ordovician Hanson Creek Fm: Sandy Dolomite**

# Goldstrike Host-Rocks



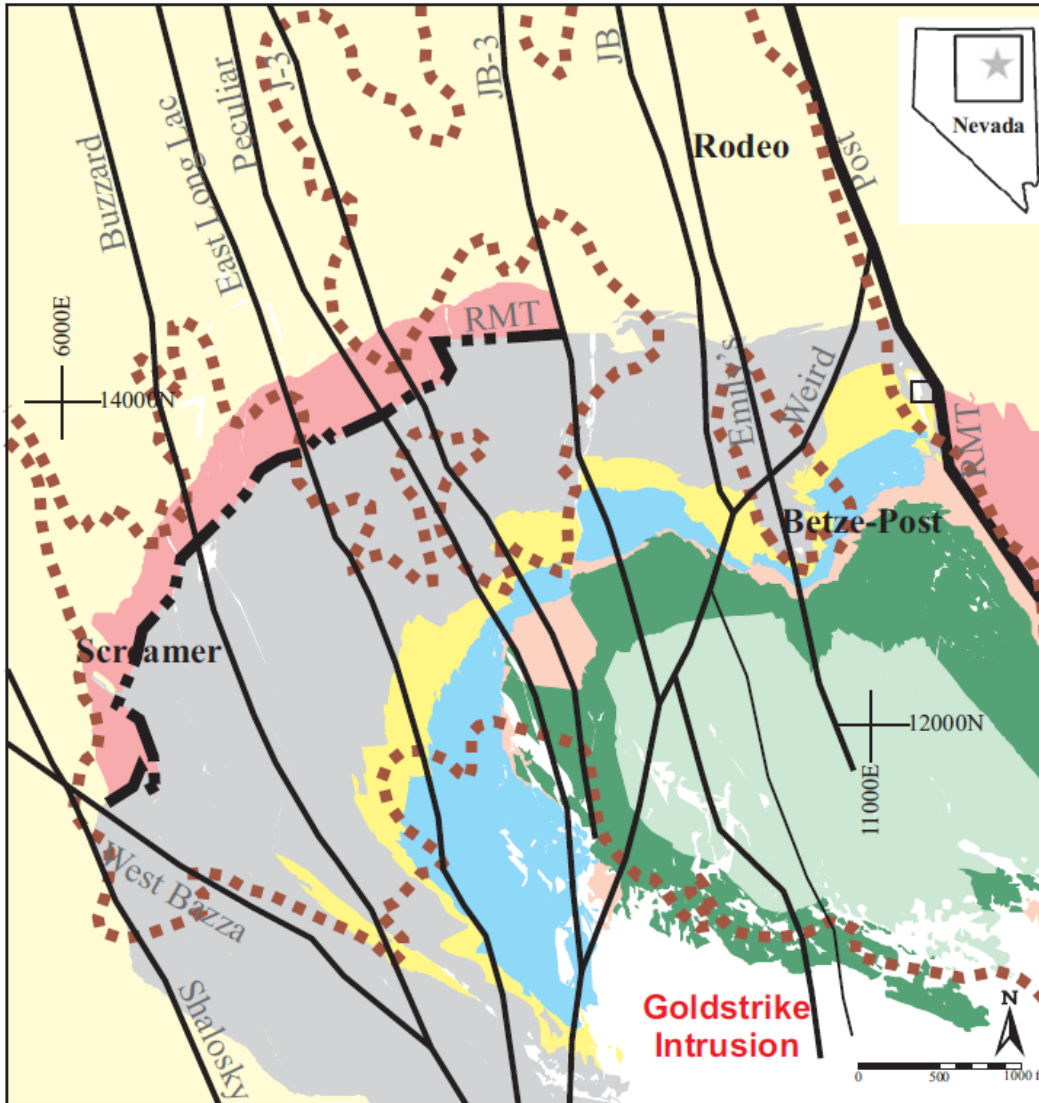
## Lithological Units

- Carlin Formation and Alluvium
- Goldstrike intrusion and associated dikes
- Rodeo Creek Formation
- Upper Mud Unit
- Soft Sediment Deformation Unit
- Planar Unit
- Wispy Unit
- Roberts Mountains Formation
- Undifferentiated Upper Plate sedimentary rock

## Popovich Formation

(Almeida et al., 2010 in press)  
**Geological contacts and ore  
 grade envelop- 2.02 g/t-  
 compiled from Barrick Gold**

# Goldstrike: Structural Controls

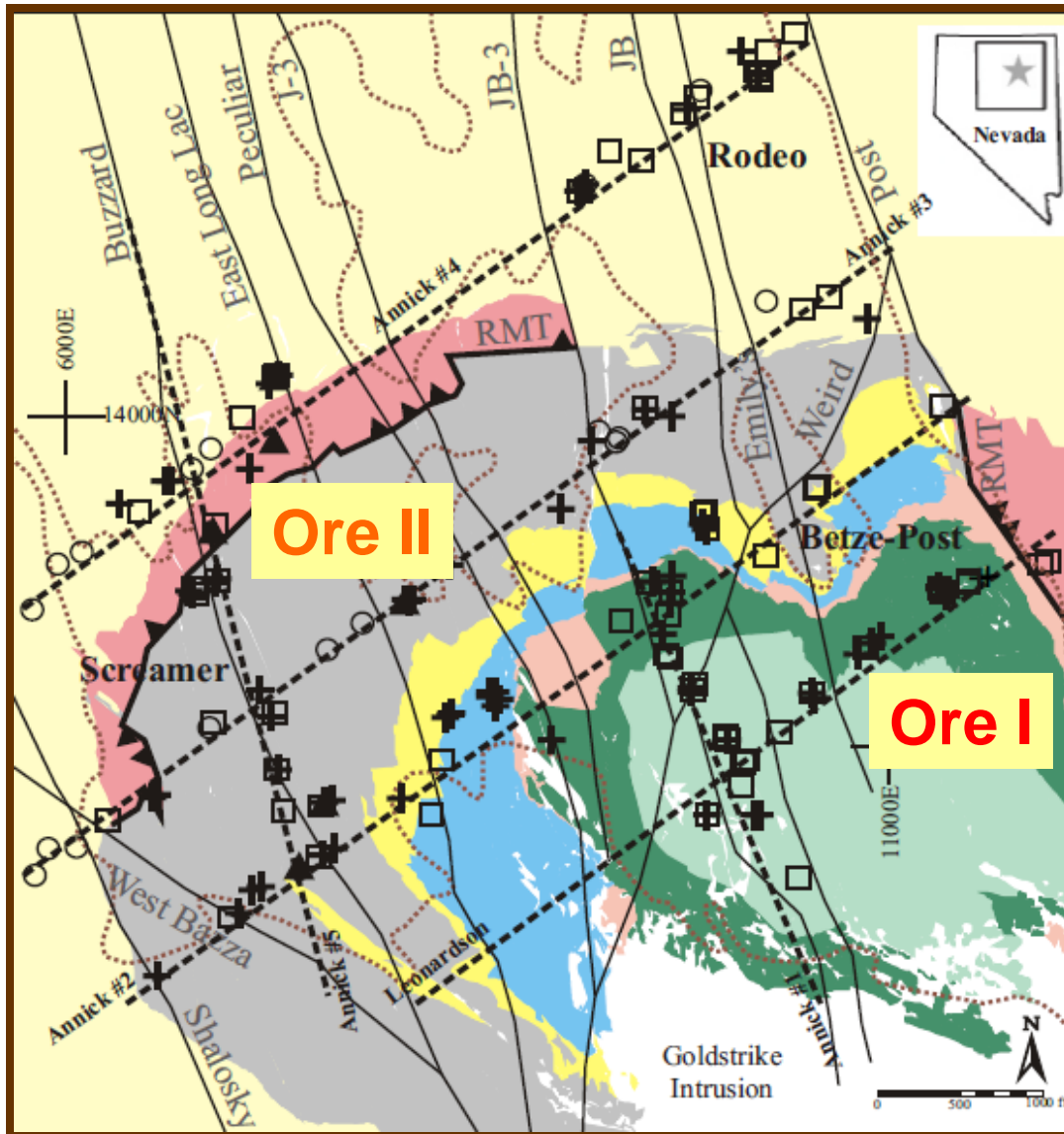


- Lower-plate units
- Proximity of Jurassic Goldstrike intrusion
- NNW, NE and NW faults
- Anticlinal structures

## Lithological Units

- Carlin Formation and Alluvium
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  - Planar Unit
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  - Roberts Mountains Formation
  - Undifferentiated Upper Plate sedimentary rock
- Popovich Formation

# Goldstrike: ORE I AND ORE II



## Lithological Units

- Carlin Formation and Alluvium
- Goldstrike intrusion and associated dikes
- Rodeo Creek Formation
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- Wispy Unit
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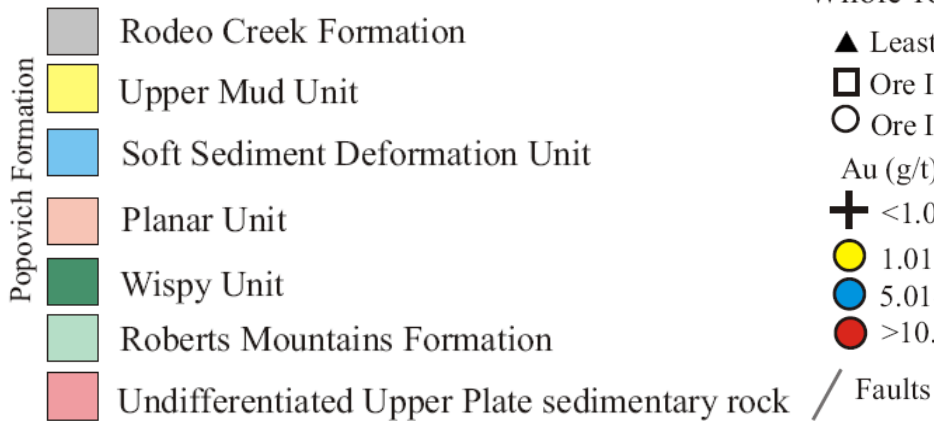
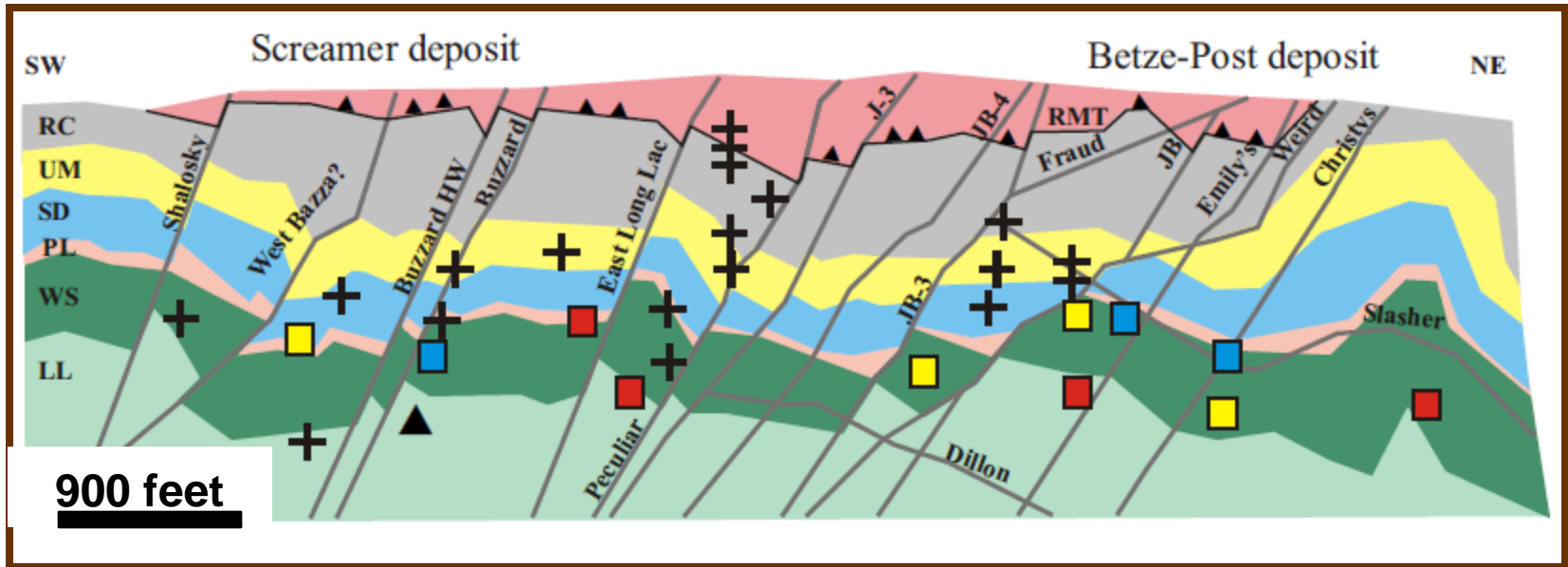
Popovich Formation

## Whole-rock analyses

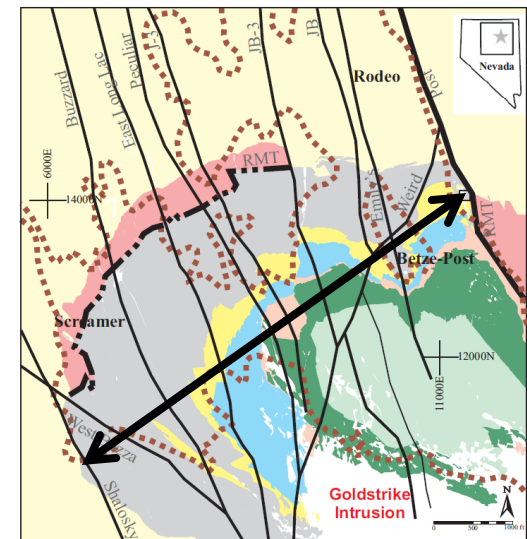
- Least altered
- Altered and barren ( $< 1$  g/t Au)
- Ore-I
- Ore-II
- Faults
- Sampling cross-section
- Ore-grade contour (2.02 g/t Au)

Olivo et al. (2009), Almeida et al. (2010 in press)

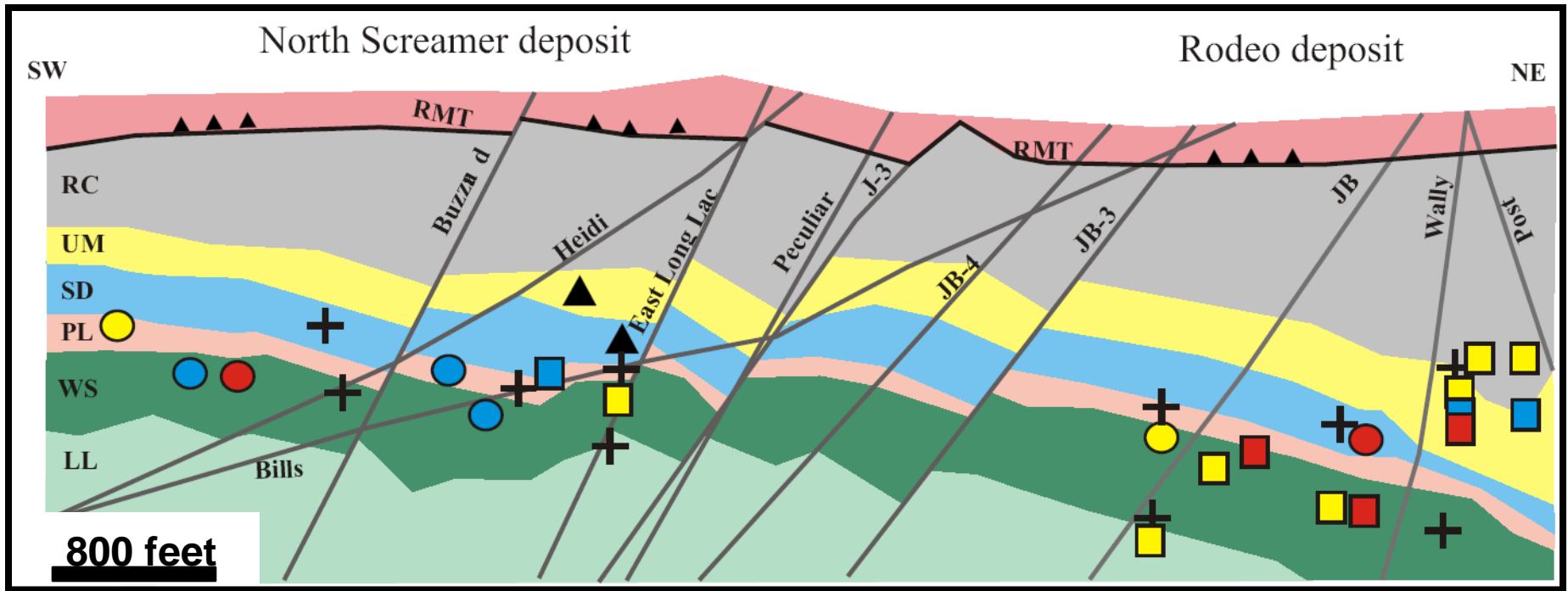
# Screamer – Betze-Post Section



(Almeida et al., 2010 in press)



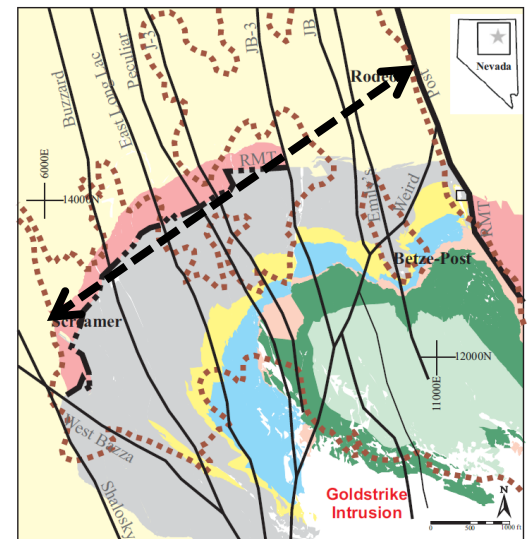
# North Screamer- Rodeo Section



- Rodeo Creek Formation
- Upper Mud Unit
- Soft Sediment Deformation Unit
- Planar Unit
- Wispy Unit
- Roberts Mountains Formation
- Undifferentiated Upper Plate sedimentary rock

- Whole-rock analyses
- Least altered
  - Ore I
  - Ore II
  - Au (g/t)
  - <1.00
  - 1.01-5.00
  - 5.01-10.00
  - >10.00
  - Faults

(Almeida et al., 2010 in press)



# Goldstrike Paragenesis

## PRE-CARLIN EVENTS:

- PALEOZOIC: Dolomitization, pyrite and sphalerite
- JURASSIC: Calcisilicate alteration

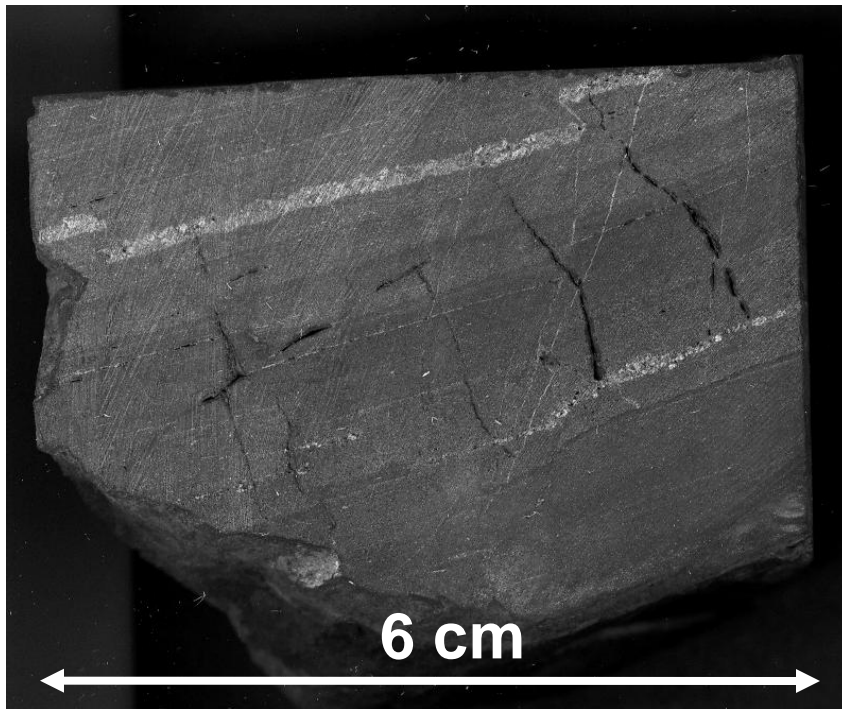
## EOCENE CARLIN EVENT (39-40 Ma):

- Early Carlin Stage (Stage I)
  - Carbonate dissolution, silicification, sulfide and clay alteration (hydrothermal)
- **Main Carlin Gold Stage (Stage II):**
  - Silicification, minor clay alteration and sulfides + **Au-bearing As-pyrite**
- **Late to Post Carlin Stage (Stage III):**
  - Stibinite, realgar, orpiment, calcite and barite

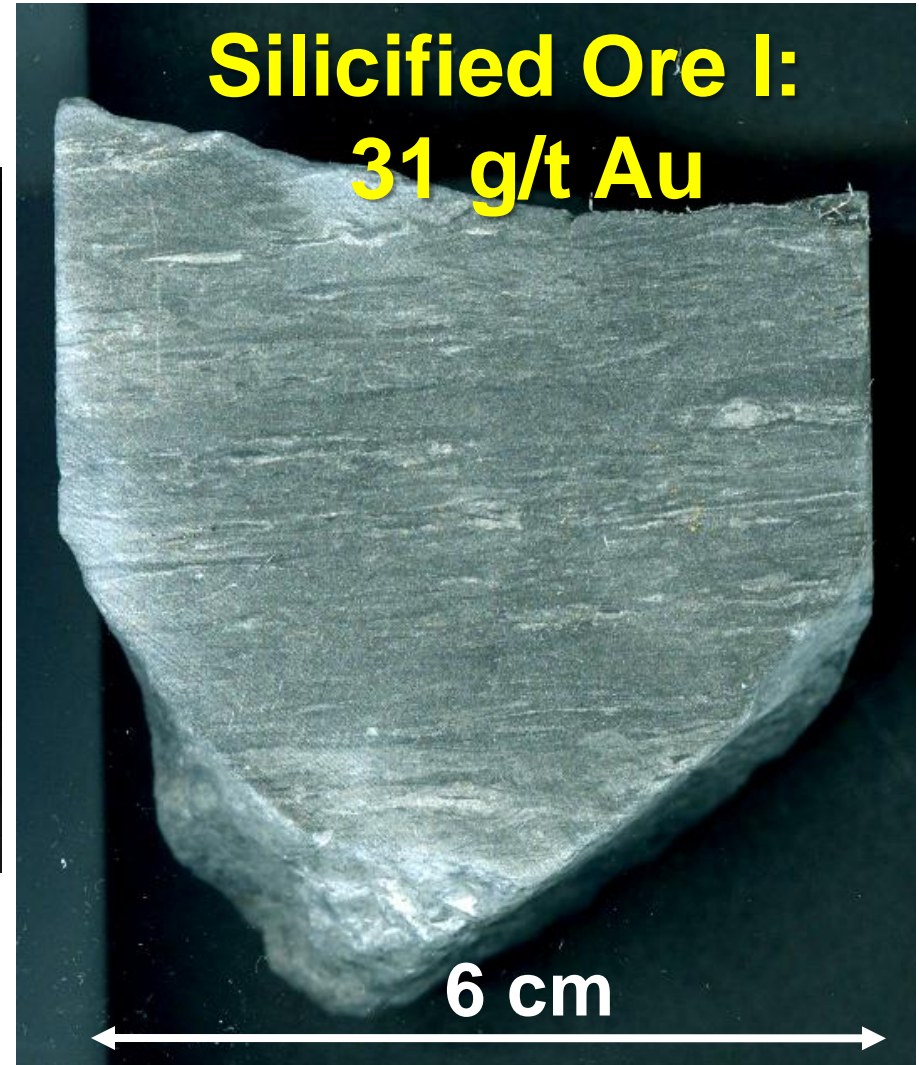
# GOLD-SILVER PARAGENESIS

Alteration/ Mineralization		Carlin hydrothermal event				
		Stage I	Stage II	Stage III		
ALTERATION	Decarbonatization	--- ? ---	—————			
	Carbonates/ Dolomitization Calcite	—————		----- —————		
	Illite	-----	—————	-----		
	Kaolinite	-----	—————	-----		
	Dickite		-----	-----		
	Silicification	-----	—————	-----		
	Barite			—————		
	Carbon		-----			
	MINERALIZATION	Fe-sulphides	Pyrite	—————	-----	
			Marcasite		-----	—————
Arsenopyrite				-----	-----	
Arsenian-Au Pyrite				—————		
Late Pyrite I					—————	
Late Pyrite II					-----	
Base metals		Native gold		-----		
		Sphalerite	Sphalerite	-----	-----	-----
			Chalcopyrite	-----		
			Galena	-----		
			Tennantite/ Tetrahedrite		-----	
			As/Sb sulphides			-----
		As/Sb sulphides	Stibnite			-----
			Realgar			-----
			Orpiment			-----
	Apatite			-----		

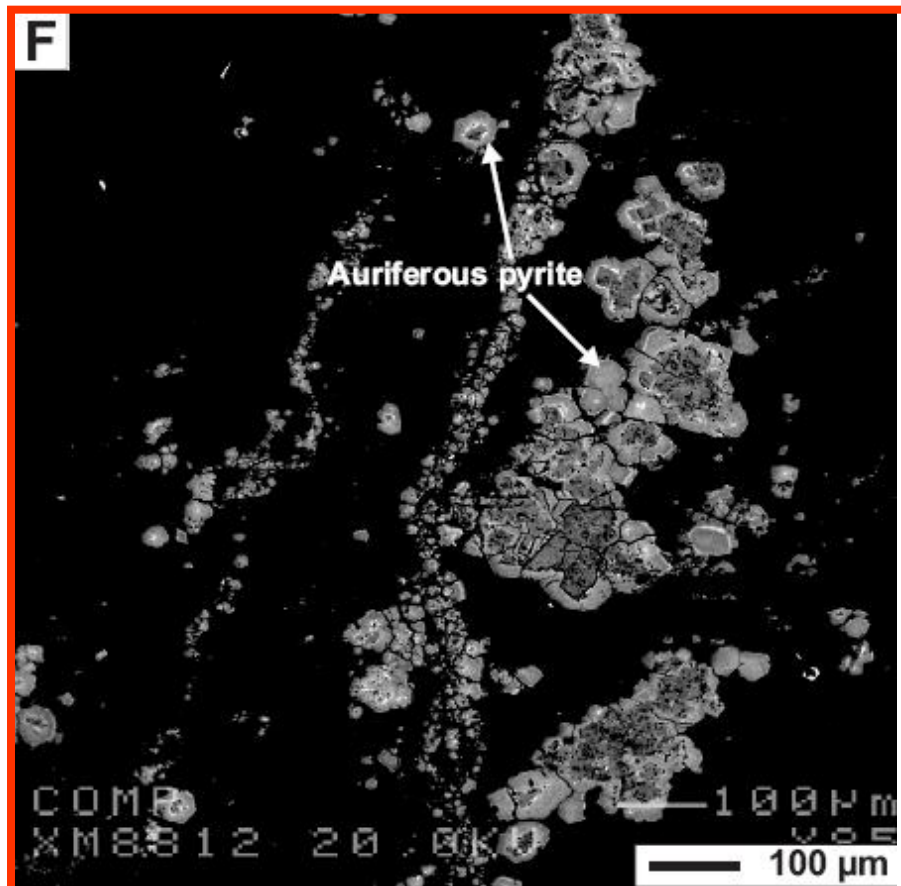
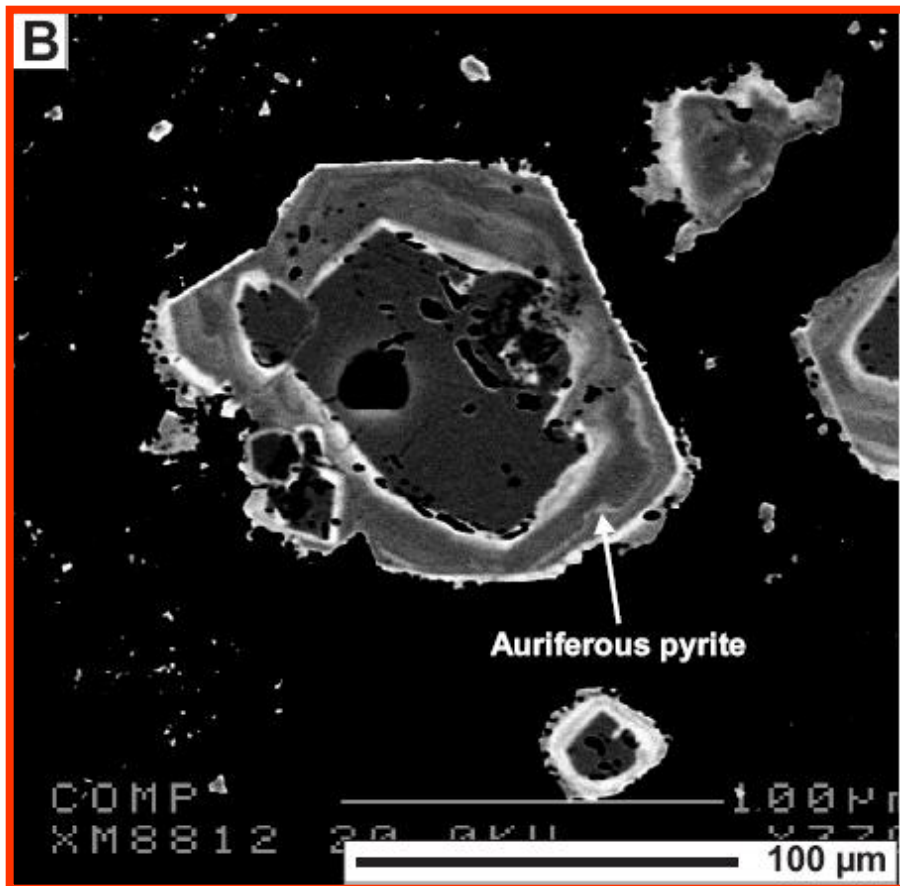
# Alteration



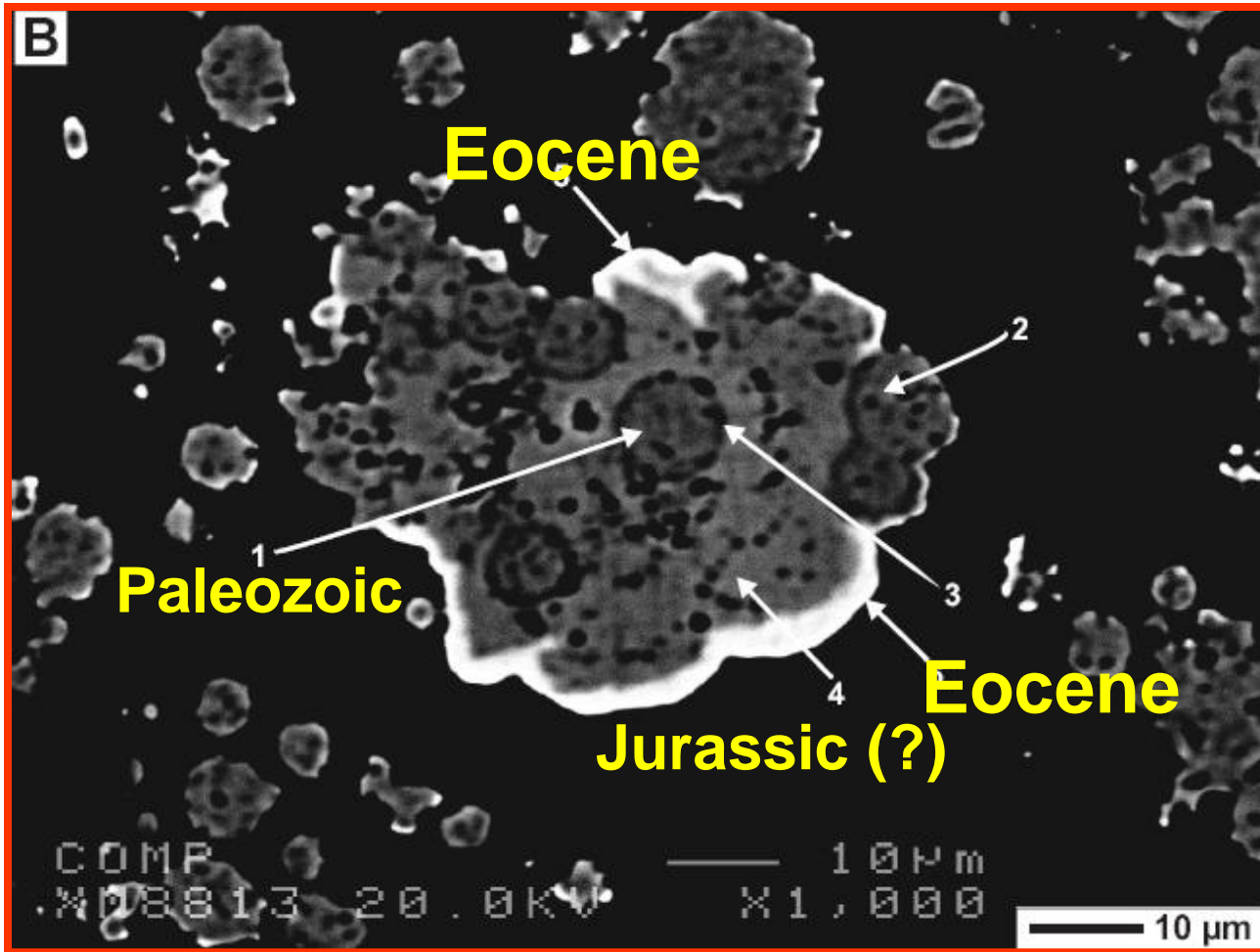
**Weakly altered: barren**



# Ore Pyrite



Chouinard, Olivo and Poirer., 2005



# Ore Pyrite

Thin rims overgrowing diagenetic, and J (?) metasomatic pyrite

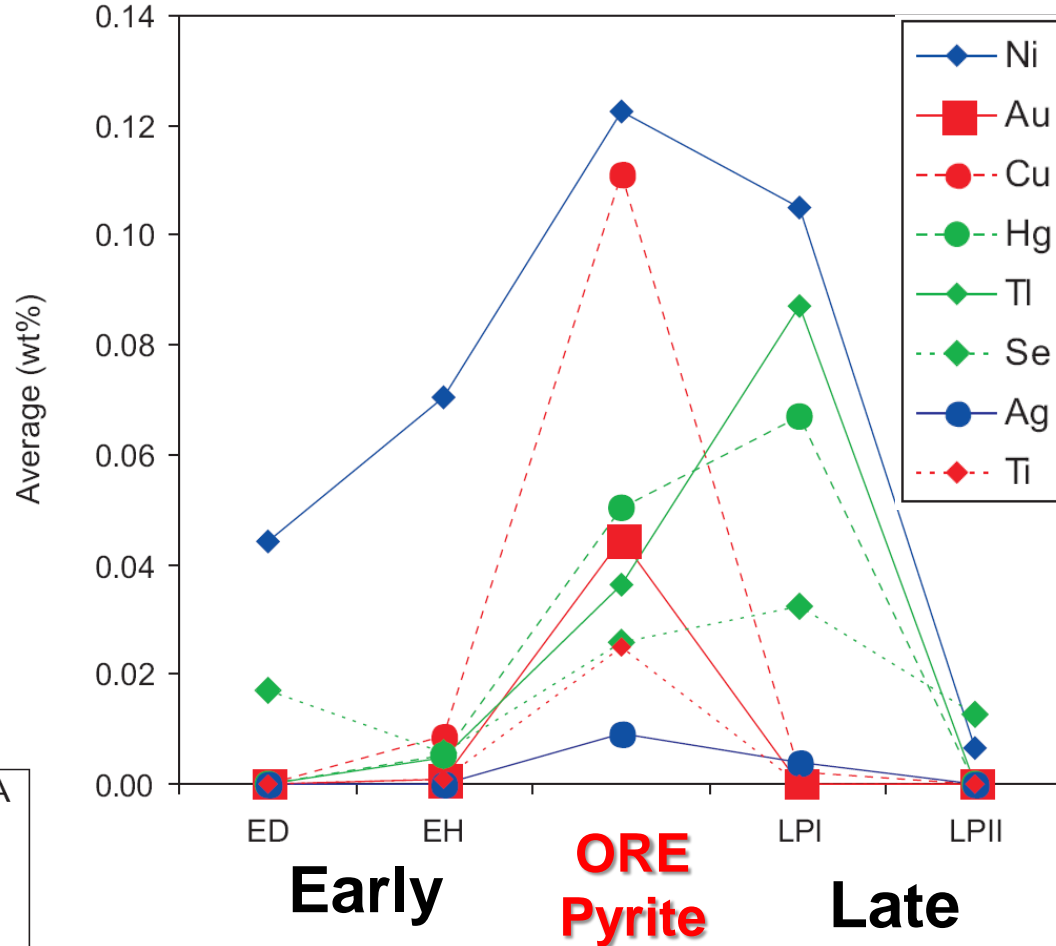
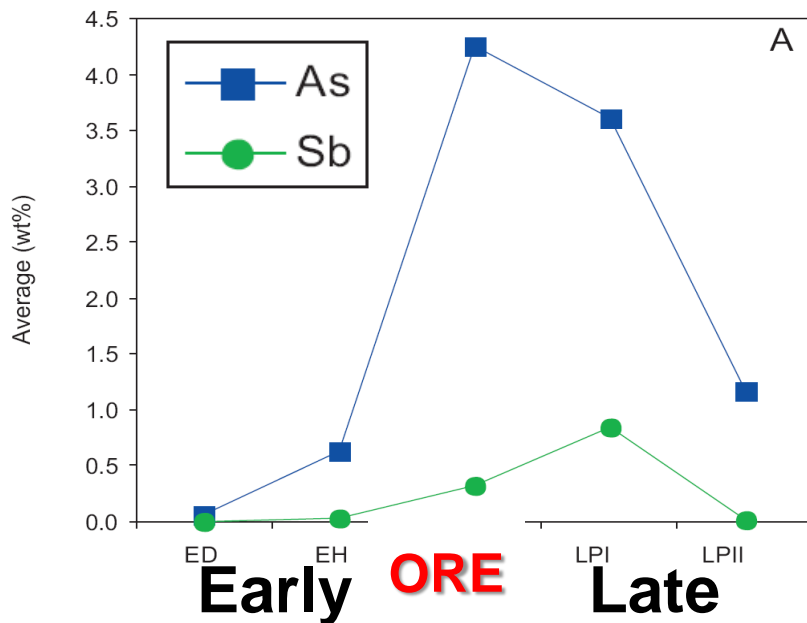
Electron Microprobe Spot Analyses of Pyrite

Analysis (wt%)		Ni	As	Au	Cu	Co	Sb	Hg
Framboidal Pyrite	1	0.054	0.085	-----	0.016	0.031	-----	-----
	2	0.043	0.110	-----	0.000	0.000	-----	-----
Brassy Pyrite	3	0.019	-----	-----	-----	0.239	-----	-----
	4	0.029	-----	-----	-----	0.319	-----	-----
Ore Pyrite	5	0.020	5.441	0.102	0.337	-----	0.010	0.036
	6	0.019	7.969	0.126	0.365	-----	0.010	0.000

Chouinard, Olivo and Poirer., 2005

# Trace Elements in Goldstrike Pyrites

Data base: >4000 analyses

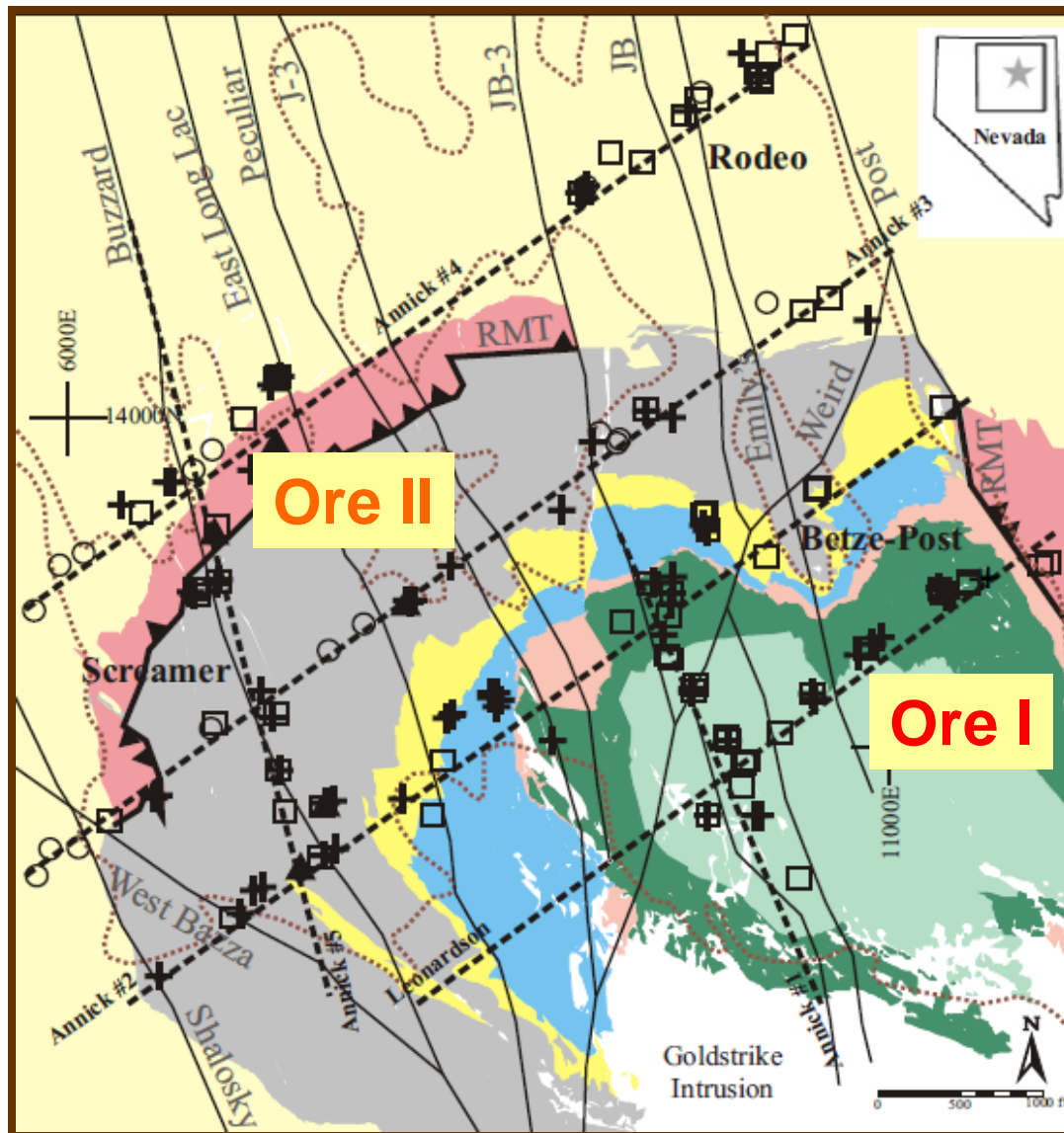


ORE PYRITE rich in:

Au, Ag, As, Cu, Hg,  
Ni, Tl, Sb, Se (Ti)

(Chouinard, Olivo and Poirier, 2006, Olivo et al. 2009)

# Goldstrike: ORE I AND ORE II



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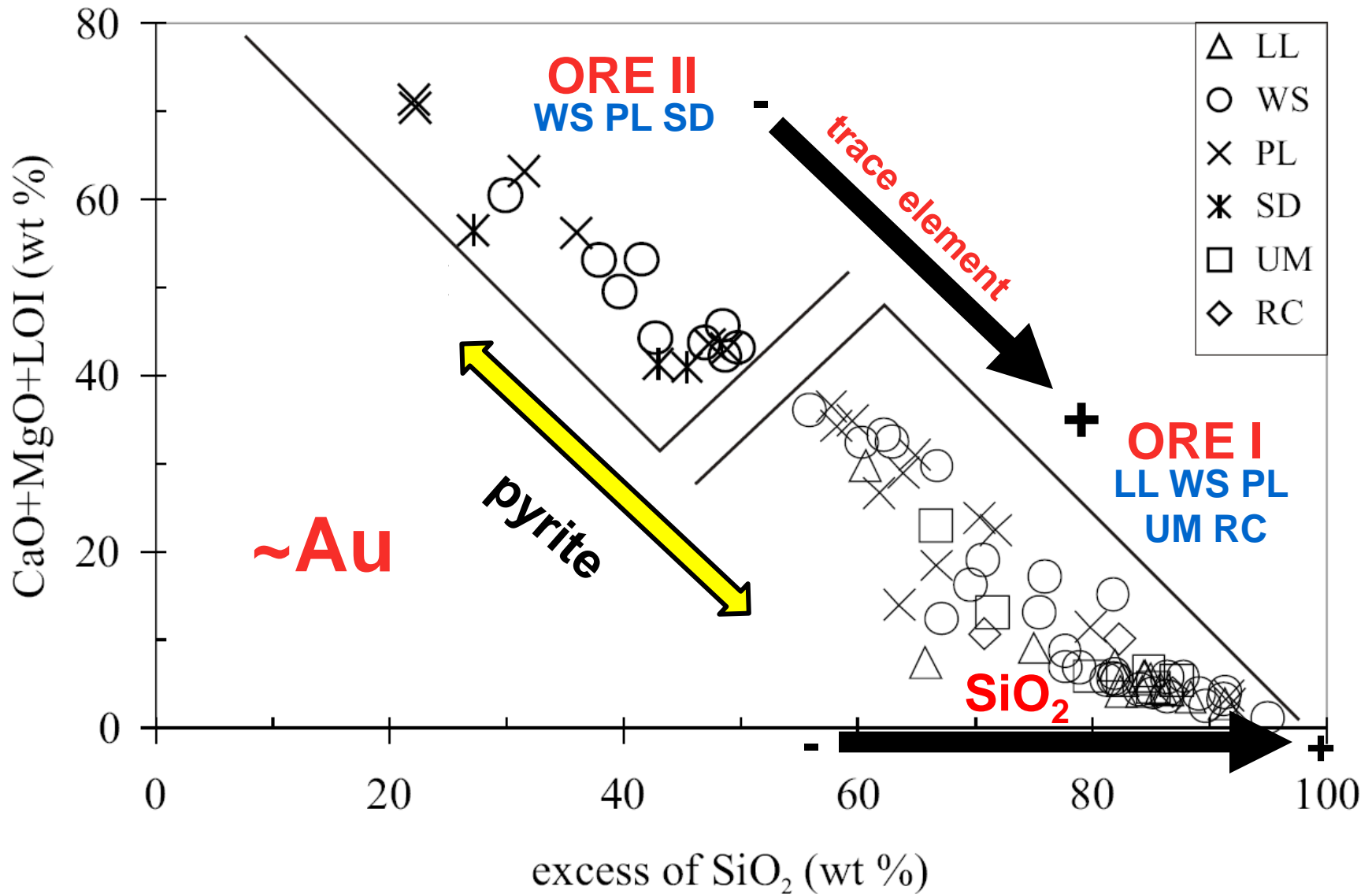
Popovich Formation

## Whole-rock analyses

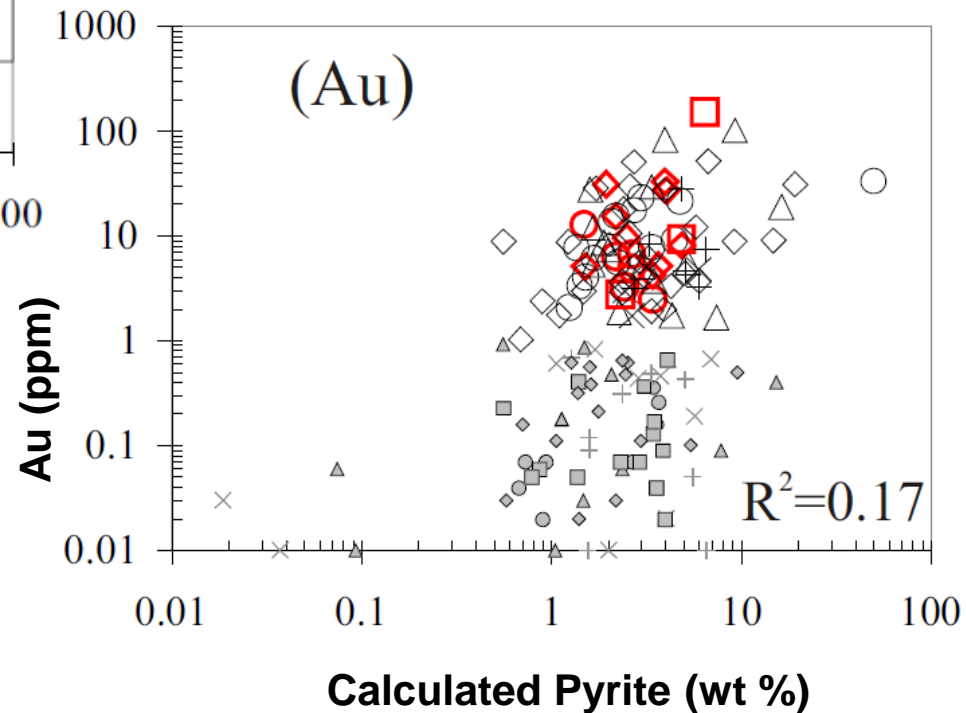
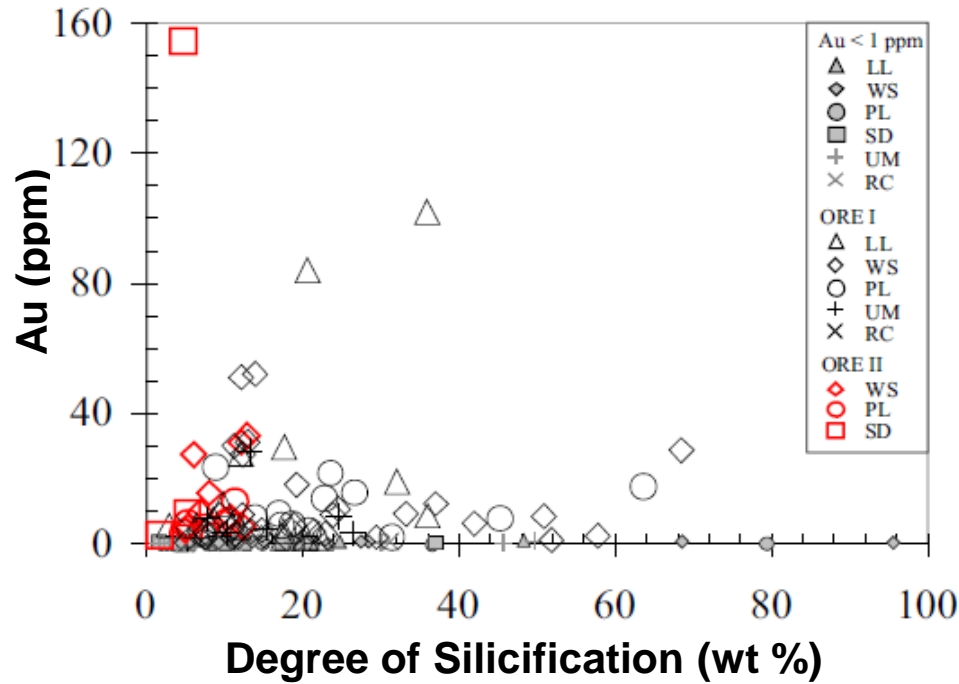
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- Ore-II
- Faults
- Sampling cross-section
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Olivo et al. (2009), Almeida et al. (2010 in press)

# Types: ORE I AND ORE II

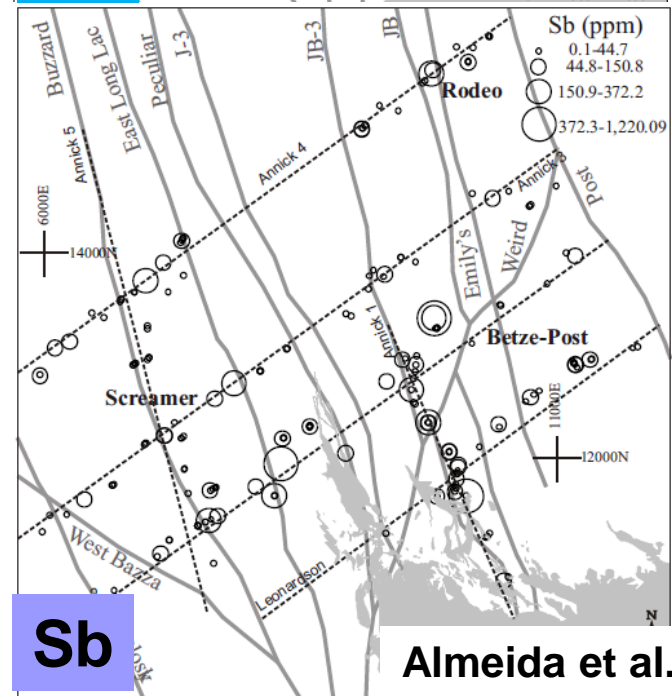
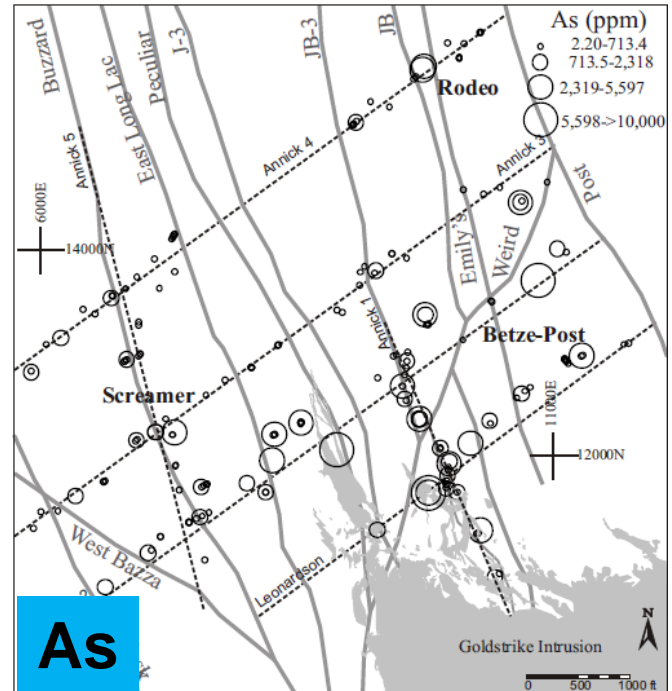
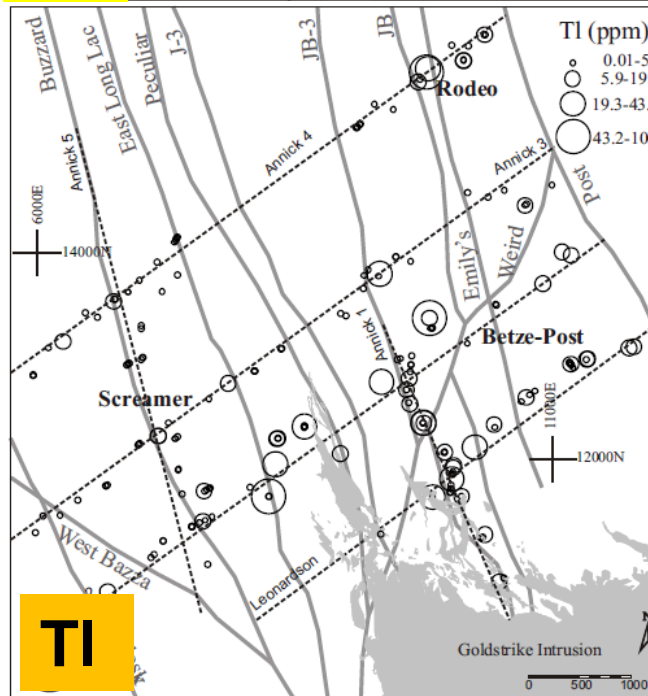
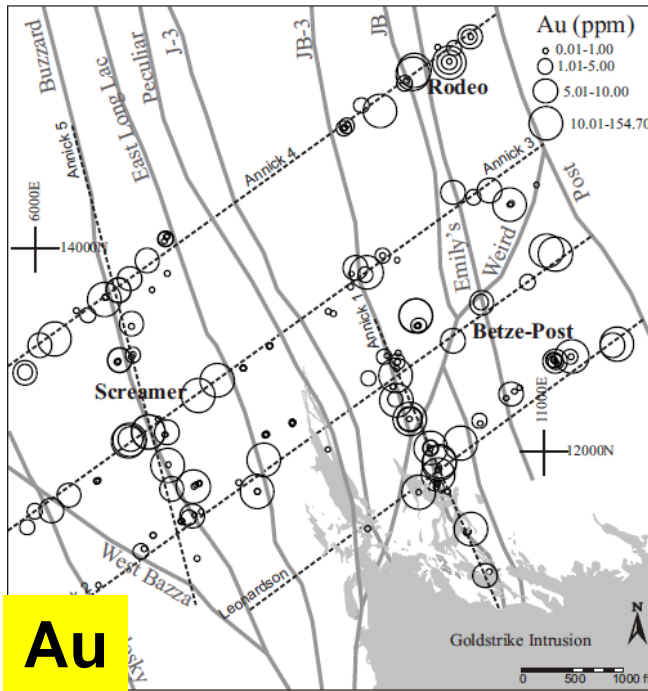


# ORE I AND ORE II: GOLD GRADE X ALTERATION

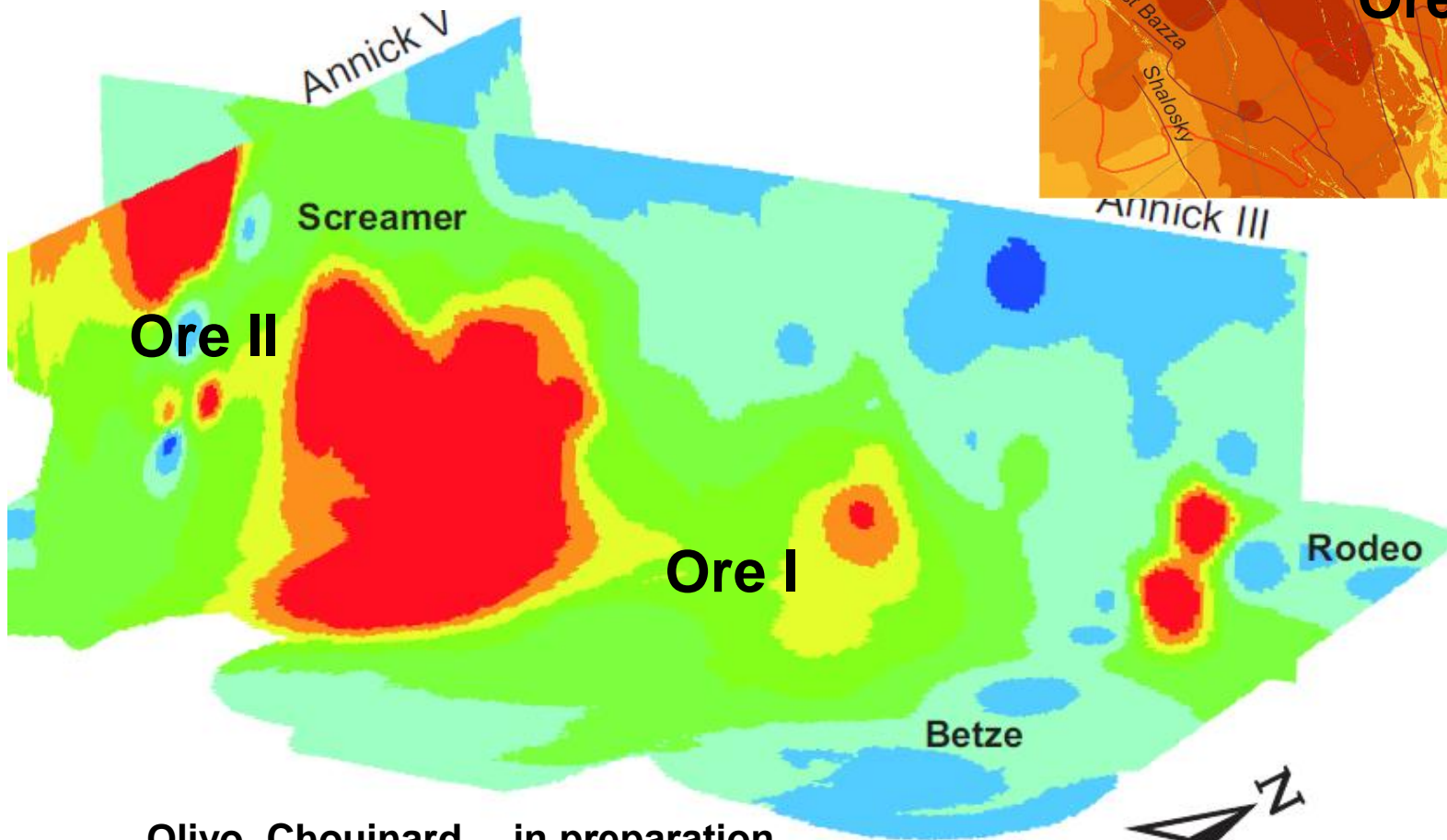
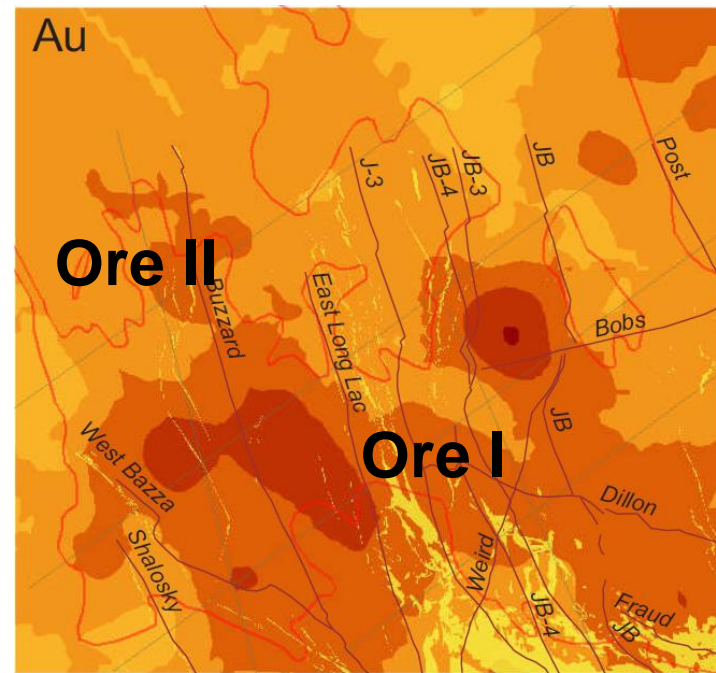
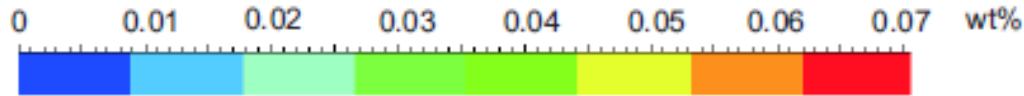


Almeida et al. (2010: in press)

# TRACE ELEMENTS



# Gold in Pyrite

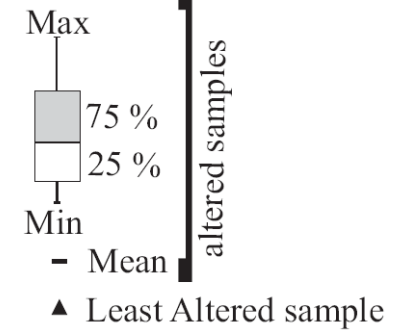
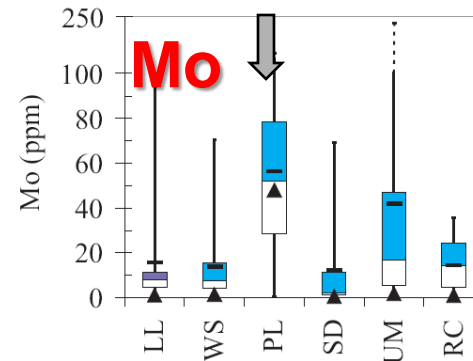
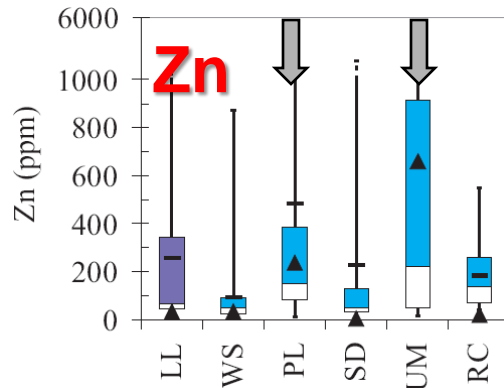
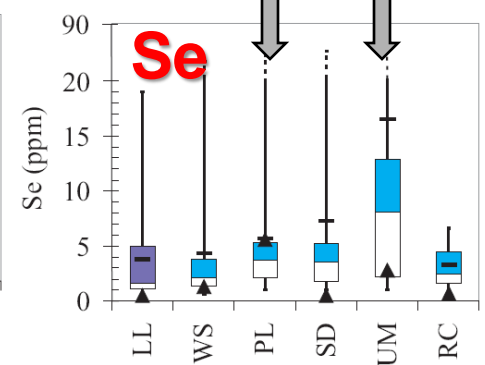
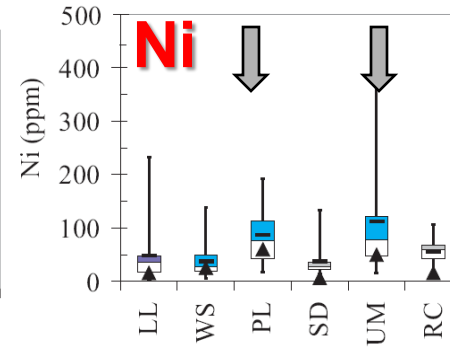
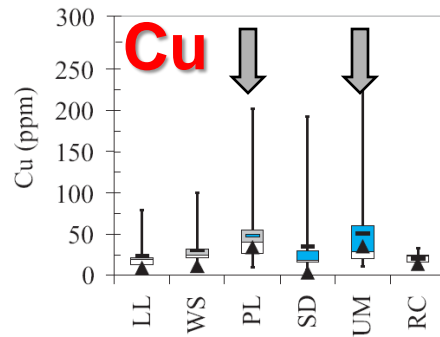
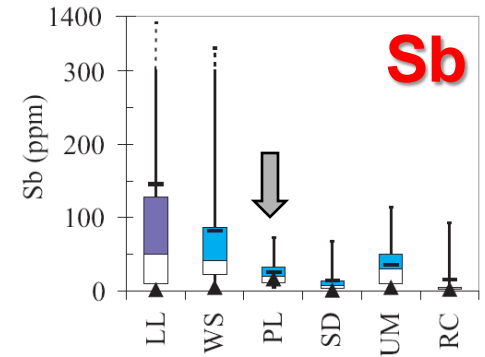
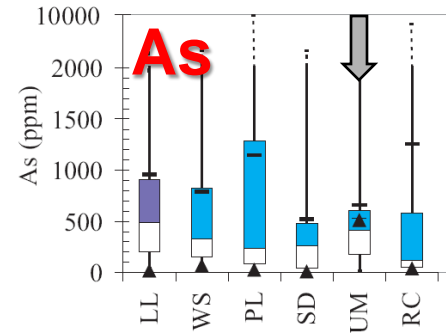
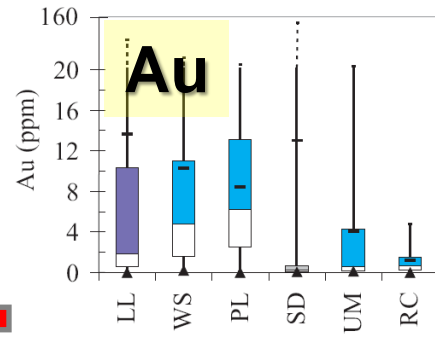
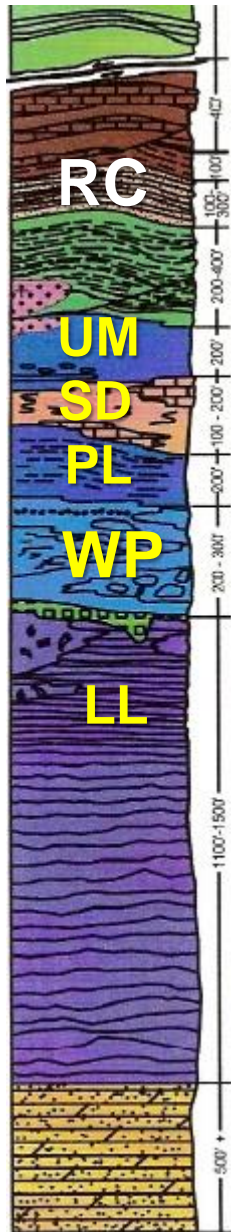


Olivo, Chouinard... in preparation

# SOURCE OF GOLD AND RELATED ELEMENTS

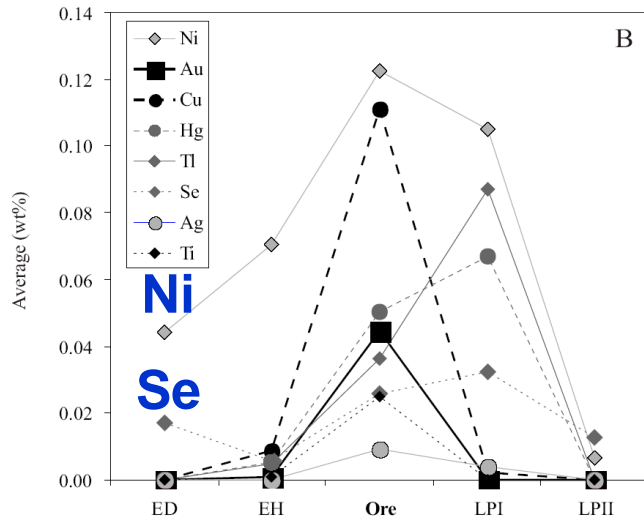
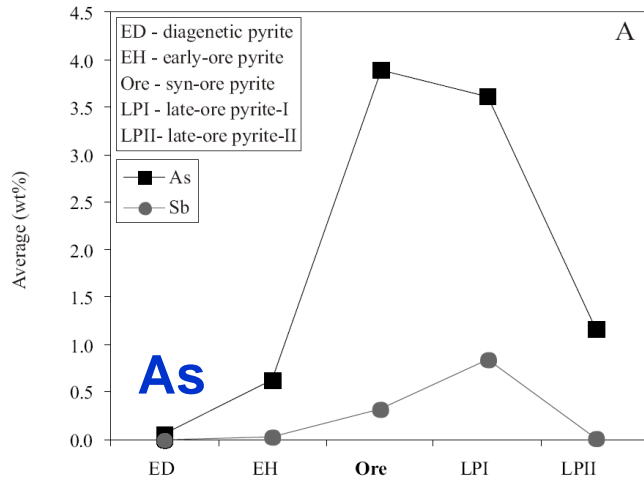
ROBERT

Mtns



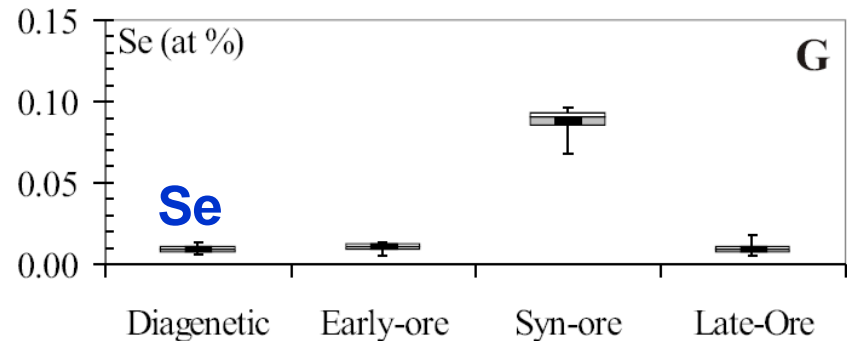
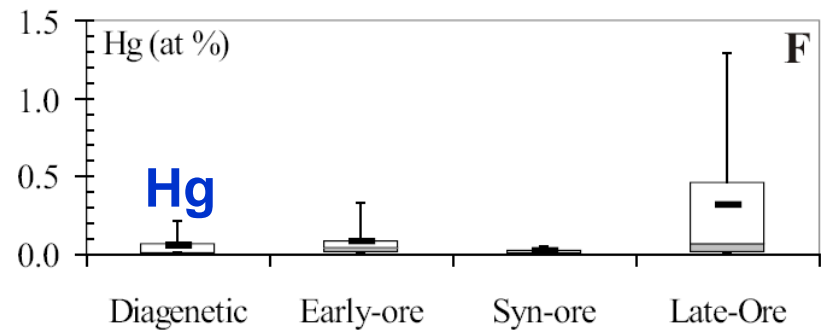
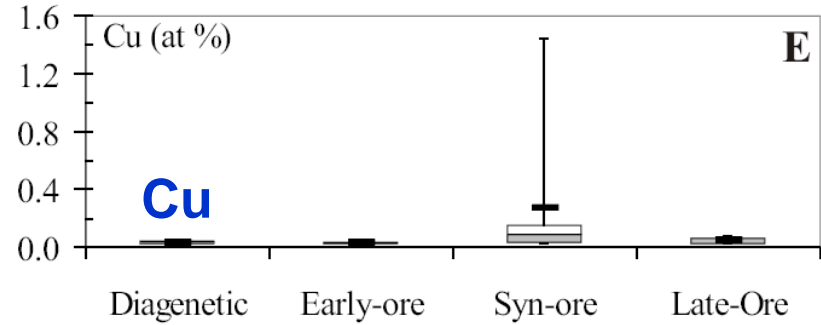
# SOURCE OF ORE-RELATED ELEMENTS

## Pyrite

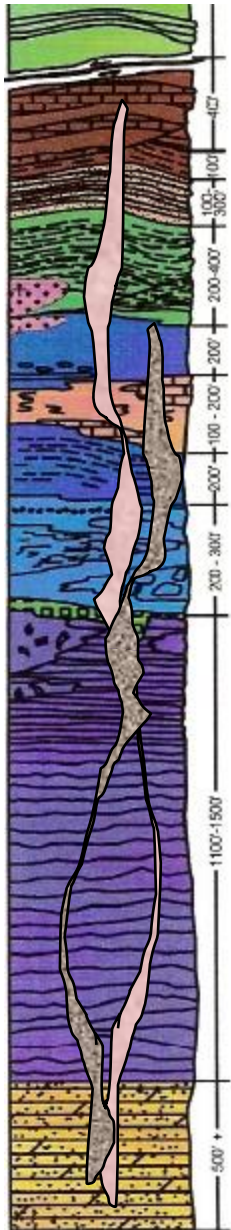


(Chouinard et al., 2006)

## Sphalerite

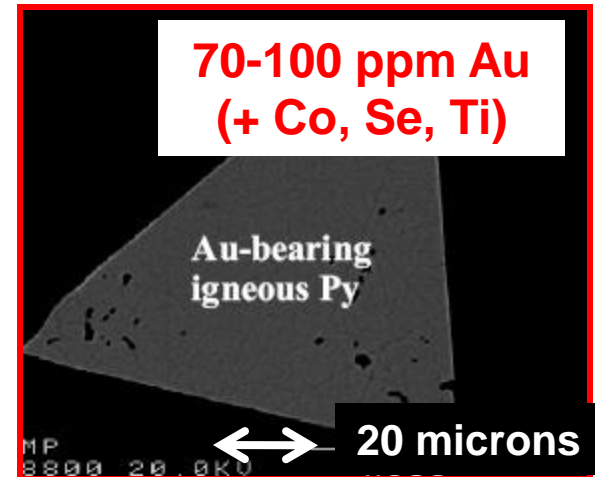
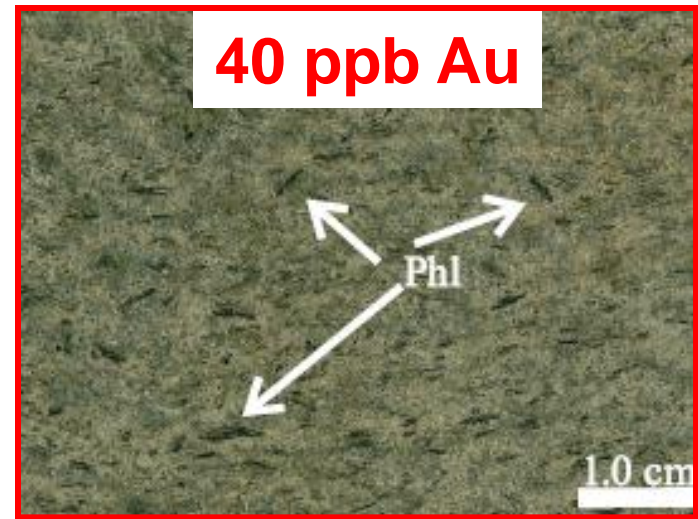


# SOURCE OF ORE-RELATED ELEMENTS



- Jurassic:
  - Diorite
  - **Lamprophyre**
    - **Minor Au**
- Eocene
  - Biotite-Feldspar Porphyry

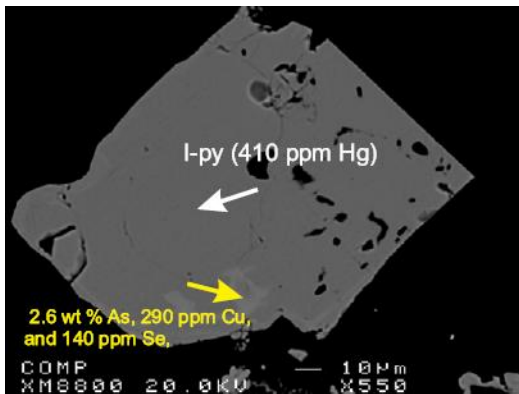
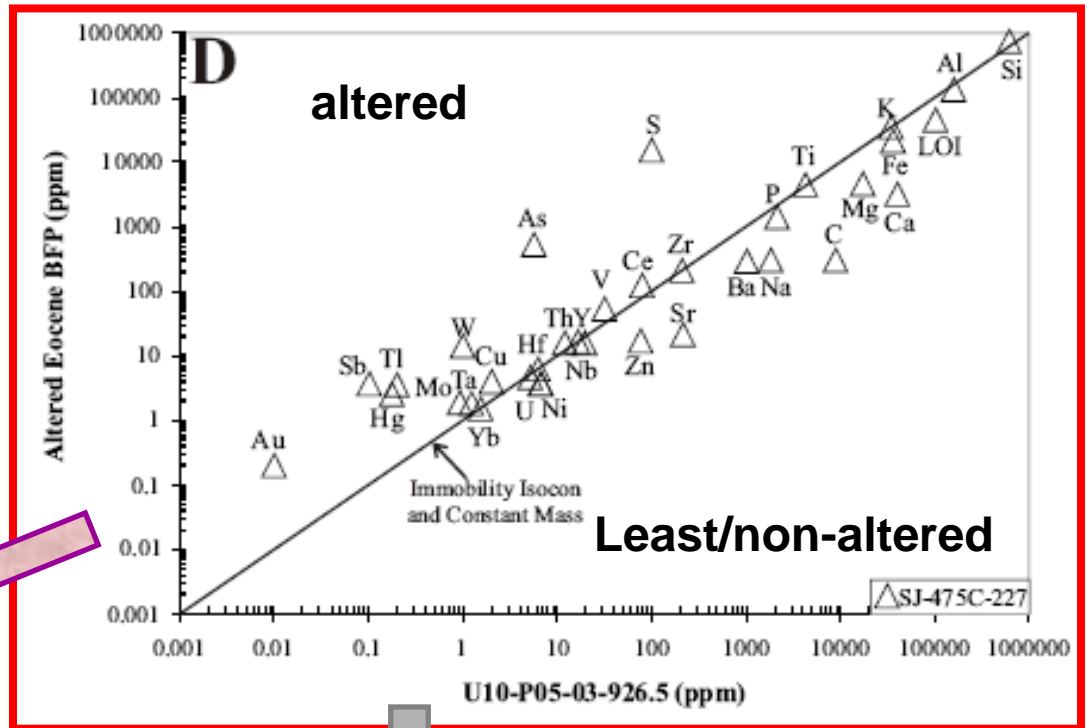
## Least altered Lamprophyre



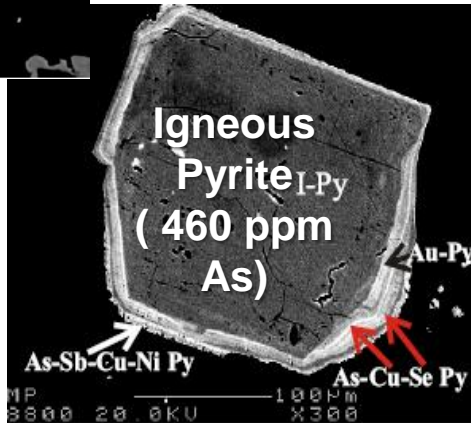
# Eocene Dikes

ORE (rock) rich in:

**Au, As, Ti, Hg, Sb,**  
**Mo, S, W (Cu)**



**Altered Eocene  
Dike Core: Igneous  
pyrite**  
**Rim: Hydrothermal  
Carlin pyrite  
overgrow**



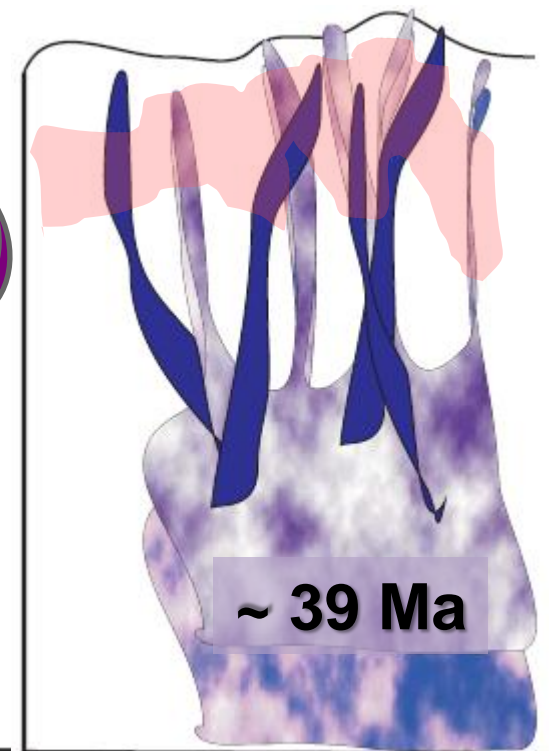
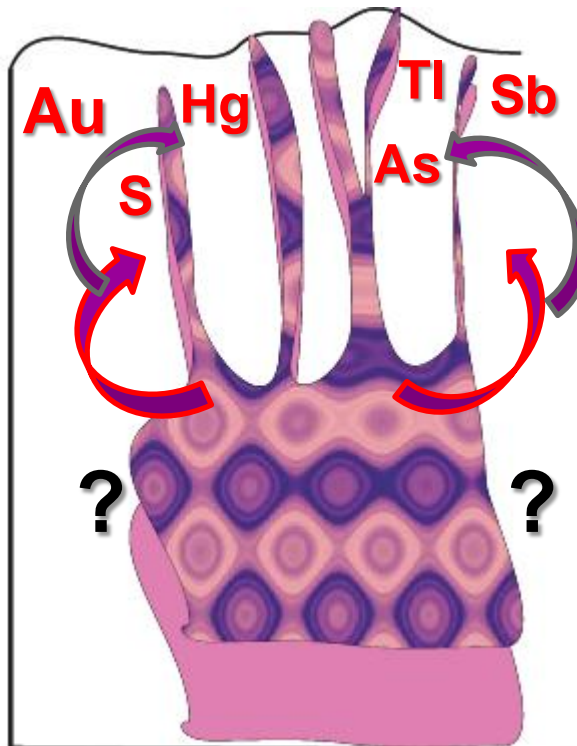
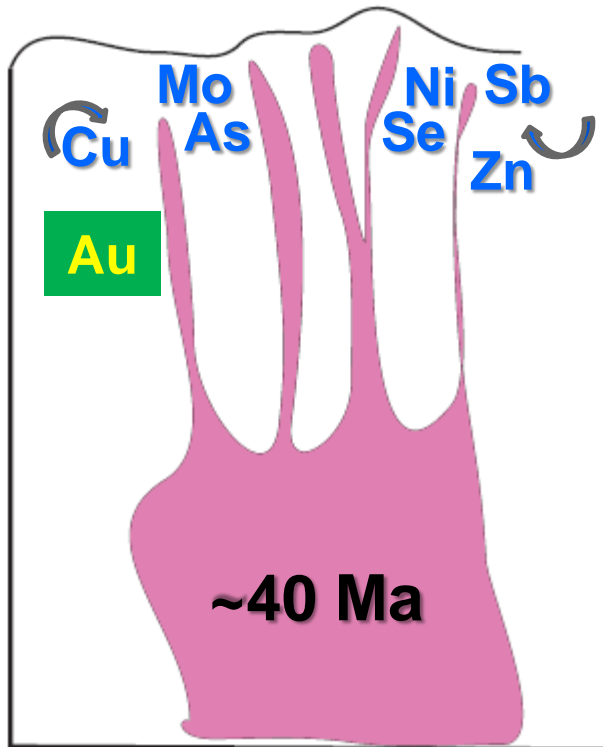
**Non-Altered Eocene Dike  
Igneous pyrite is very rare**

# GENETIC MODEL: Eocene Event

Major magma emplacement  
Eocene early shallow dikes

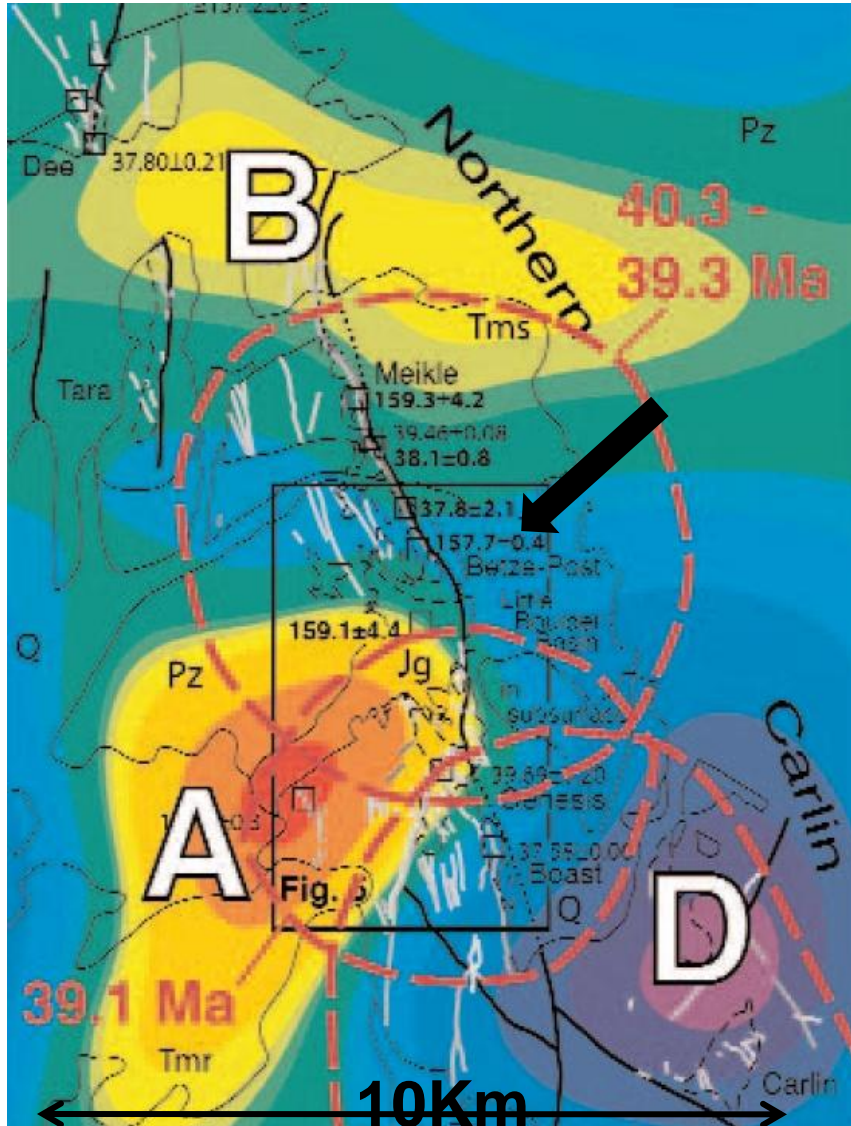
Magmatic fluid  
exsolution  
Hydrothermal alteration  
of Eocene early dikes  
**Au mineralization**

Eocene late dikes  
(no alteration)  
Post-mineralization



Olivo et al., 2009

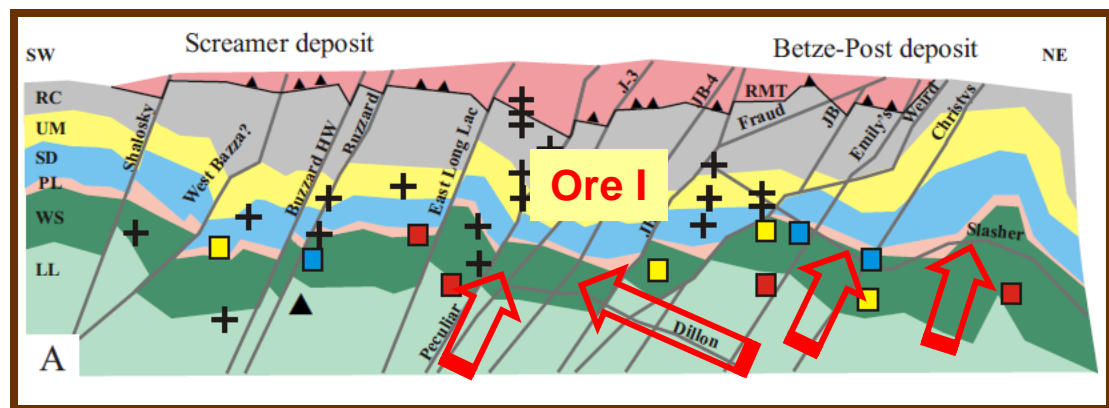
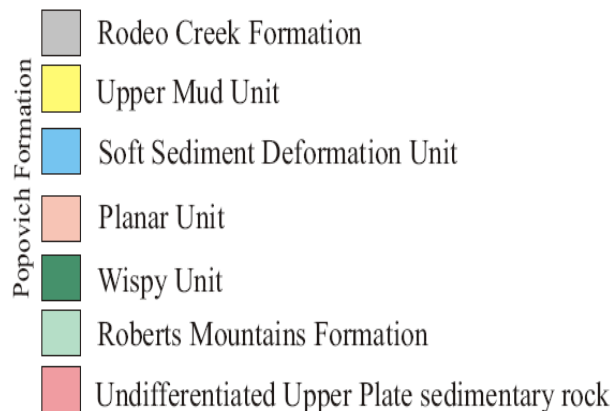
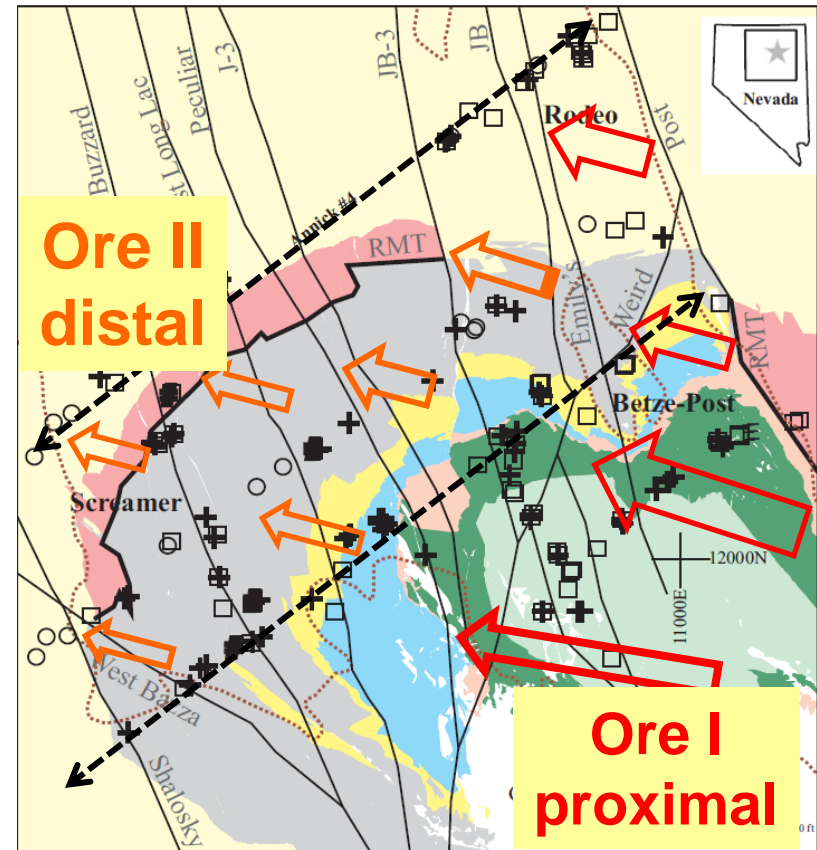
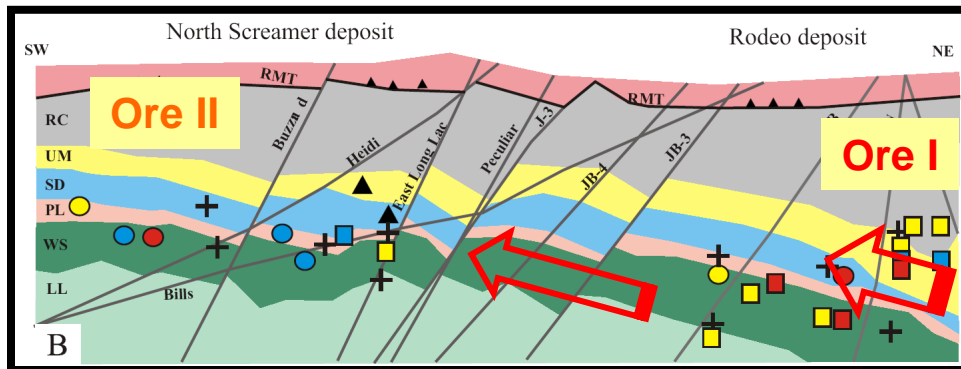
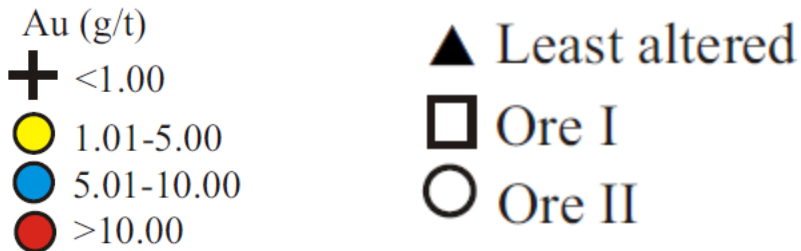
# Deep Magmatic Sources (?)



**POSITIVE  
AEROMAGNETIC  
ANOMALIES:  
→ Interpreted as  
composite  
Eocene plutons  
at depth**

**Ressel and Henry,  
2006**

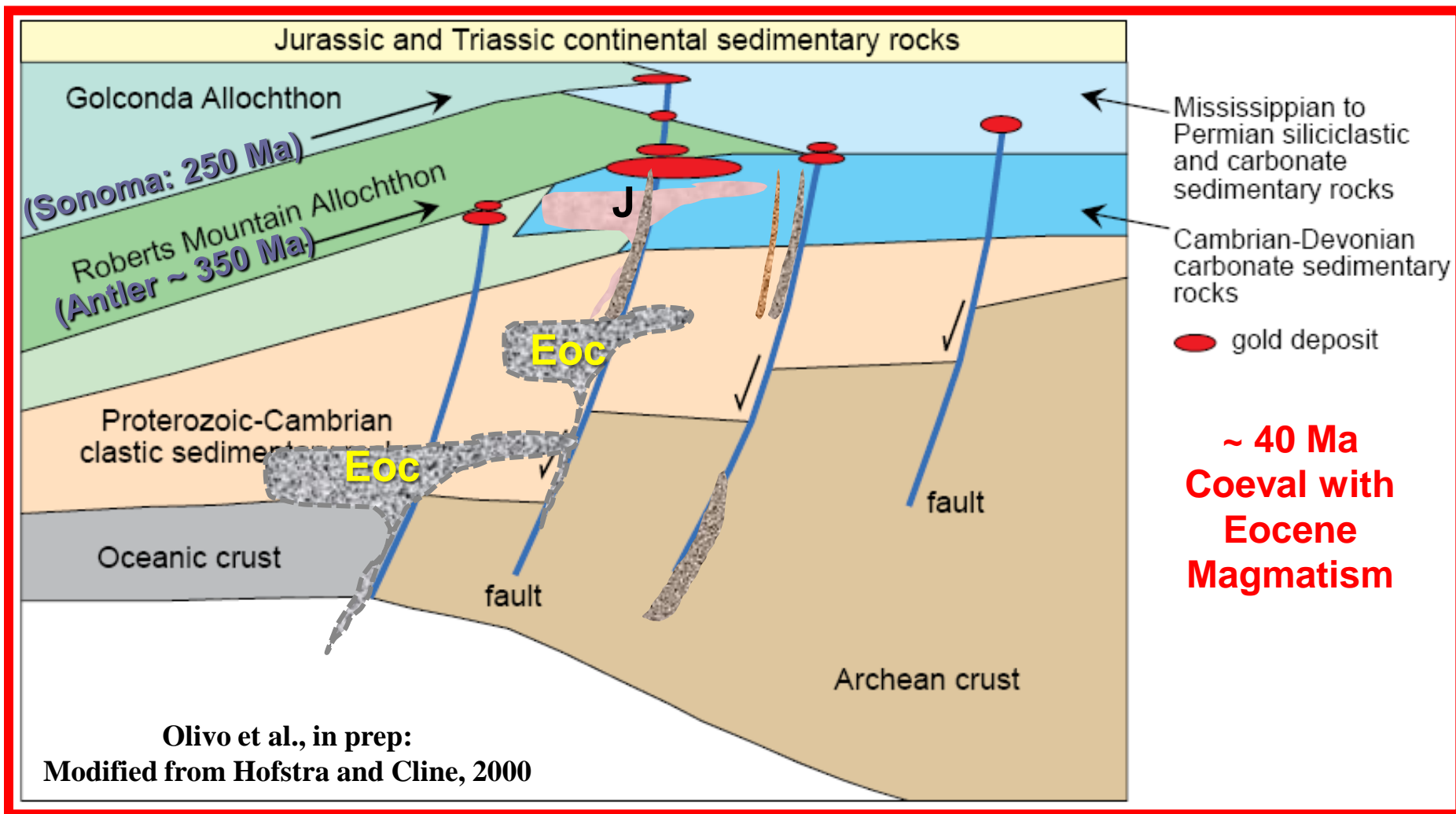
# AURIFEROUS FLUID FLOW



# EXPLORATION GUIDELINES

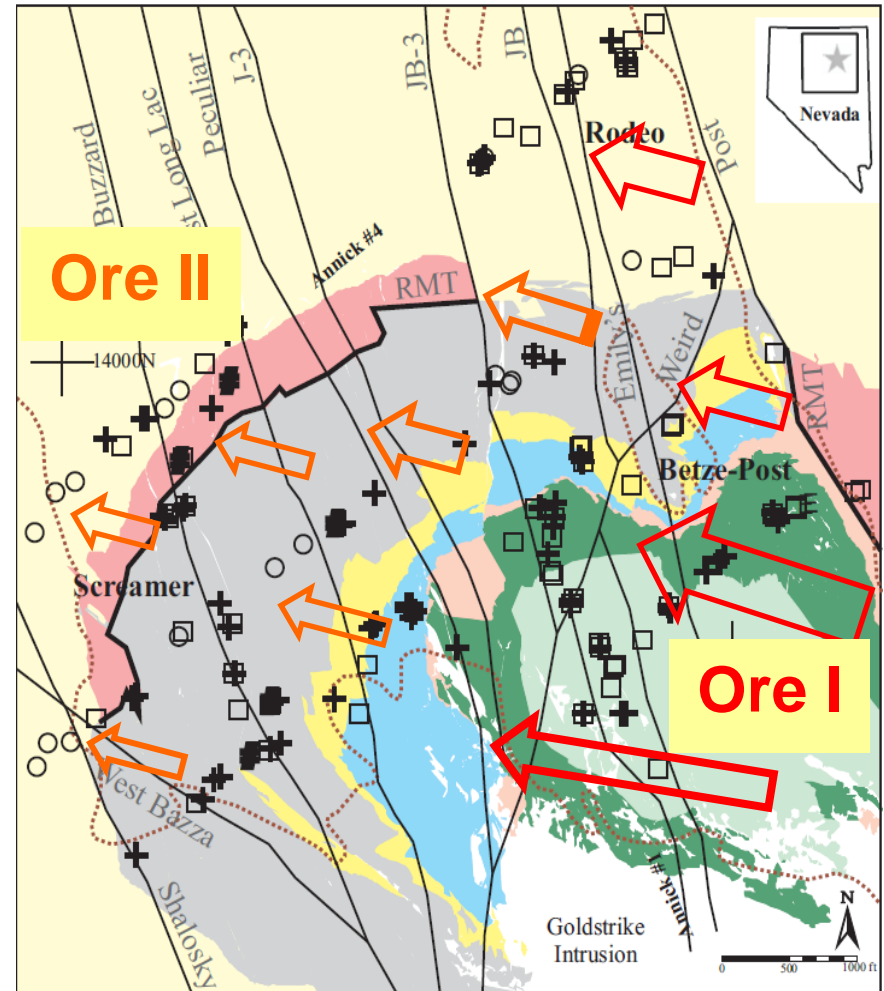
- Basement crustal boundary: Continental vs oceanic crust
- Impure carbonate underneath of the thrust
- impermeable cap
- Major structures/ intersection → as magma and fluid conduits
- Hornfused rocks → secondary permeability
- Coeval with Eocene magmatism

# CARLIN-TYPE DEPOSITS: GEOLOGICAL SETTING



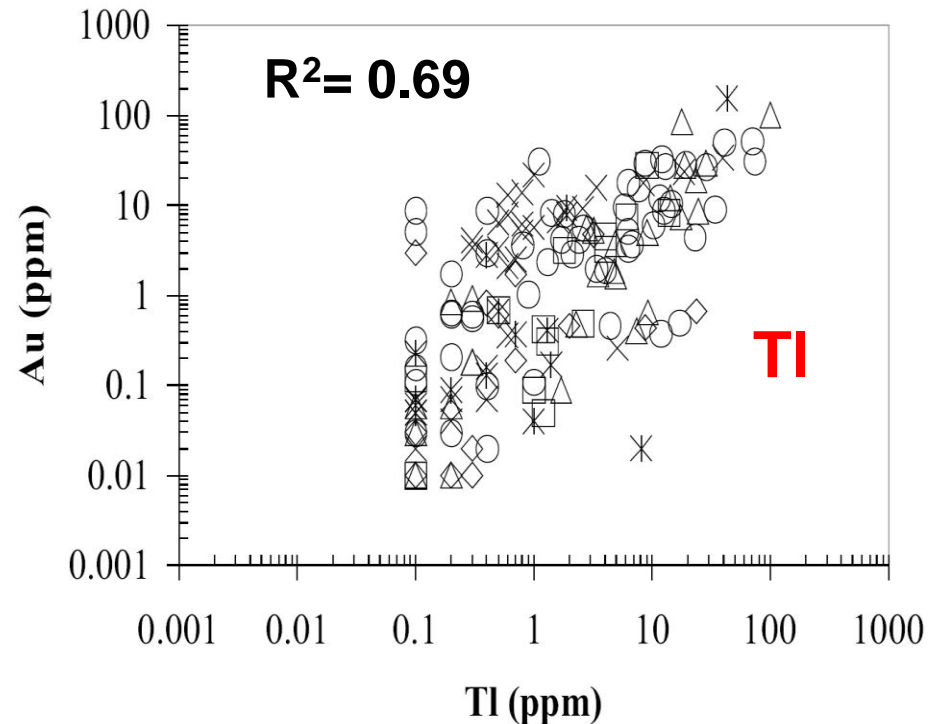
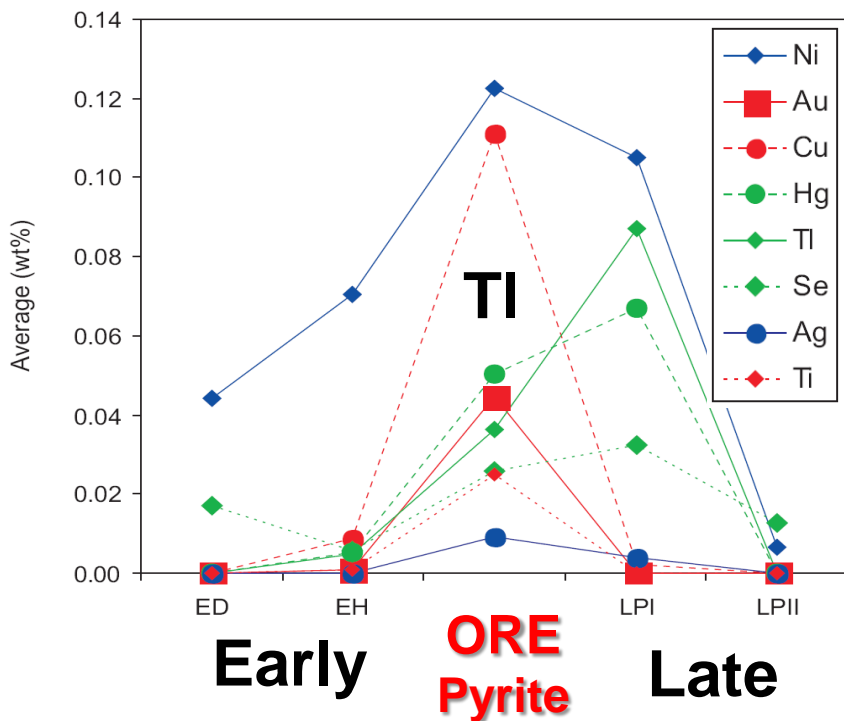
# EXPLORATION GUIDELINES

- ALTERATION
  - Decarbonatization (Ore I pervasive → Ore II weak)
  - Silicification (Ore I pervasive → Ore II weak)
  - Pyritization



# EXPLORATION GUIDELINES

- GEOCHEMICAL ASSOCIATION: Au, Ag, As, Cu, Hg, Ni, Tl, Sb, Se
- Tl is the element that has the best correlation with Au in whole rock





**THANK YOU!!!**  
**OBRIGADA!!!**

**Questions?**

2006 8 15